State Librarian

Cumberland Fair.
NOV. 11, 12, 13, and 14.
Everybody Invited.
Everybody Welcome.

THE FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

Nov. 11, 12, 13 and 14 are the dates for holding the Cumberland Fair this year. Come One! Come All!

OLD SERIES—VOL. LV—NO. 2,856. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1890. NEW SERIES—VOL. VII—NO. 397.

THE OBSERVER.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., OCT. 30, 1890.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

WHATEVER you do or don't do, Democrat, don't fail to be at the polls next Tuesday.

A SOLID block of magnetic iron ore, weighing 240 lbs., was dug out at the mine of Dr. JOSH SMITH, at Stoneville, Rockingham county, the other day.

THE chiefs of the fire departments of all the towns and cities in North Carolina will assemble in convention at Greensboro on the 12th of next month. The railroads will give special rates to delegates, and the attendance is expected to be large.

GOV. CAMPBELL is considered by the Republicans of Ohio a fit subject for impeachment, simply for the reason that he has shown *himself to be* strictly honest. That is an *innovation* on modern political methods which *does not* suit the g. o. p.

AN effort is to be made to abolish the merchants' purchase tax. Greensboro inaugurated the movement, and other towns are falling into line. Its constitutionality will be tested in the Supreme Court. In our judgment it is a gouge, and should be done away with.

IT is stated that BROWER declares that he is not to be run off the Congressional track by REYNOLDS or anybody else. He is going back to Washington, not as a Sixth Auditor but as a Congressman. "Baldy" WILLIAMS is confident that he can teach him a different tune on the day of election.

WE are getting ready to throw up our hat and extend the hand of congratulation "across the muddy chasm" of the Cape Fear to FRANK STEDMAN, the Democratic sheriff of New Hanover. Doubtless those people will have a fine officer, but a mighty good newspaper man will be taken out of harness.

ALMOST every agricultural community in the South—blessed by propitious fortune and abundant seasons with good crops—has now an excellent opportunity of making a start in re-stocking the farms with good breeds of cattle and hogs. The corn-cribs are full and the hay-mows and fodder-stacks are numerous; there is no lack of feed for a large increase of domestic animals.

A WONDERFUL invention is a cotton picker, and a company with millions of capital has been formed to manufacture the machine, which, it is claimed, will do well the work of twenty men. It is estimated that the gathering of such a crop of cotton as that of 1890 costs $100,000,000, and it is confidently hoped that with the new cotton picker the expense will be reduced to $1,000,000.

"THE threats which, we hear, have been made against this paper for the strong stand it has taken against Republican men, measures and methods are not causing it to swerve from its course in the least." The Reidsville *Review*, from which we extract the foregoing, will learn, the longer it continues in its good work of fighting Radicalism and political corruption wherever found, that it will incur the bitter enmity of the evil-doer, which it may wear as a badge of honor. "No rogue e'er felt the halter draw with good opinion of the law."

THE mayoralty election of New York is dwarfing all the other politics of that great city. Tammany is supporting GRANT, the Fusion League has put out SCOTT, the County Democracy is running somebody else, and the straight-out Republicans have a candidate. Tammany is not immaculate—even its most devoted adherents cannot claim that for it; but, with all its faults, it is a great organization, has had the leadership in the past of some of the greatest statesmen of the country, and has been of incalculable service to Democratic supremacy.

SOME Nihilistic marksman has again been taking a shot at the Czar of Russia. The old poet was "drawing it exceeding mild" for this age when he exclaimed: "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown." Those who are "fit for treason, stratagem and spoils" don't wait in this day of enlightenment for an obnoxious monarch to lay his weary head upon his pillow of thorns. They bombard him in his council hall, put "spiders in the dumplings" of his state banquets, blow him up with dynamite, and throw his special trains off the track. ALEXANDER can find no poet but DANTE to fit his case, and in some scene of the lowest circle of the "Inferno" may perchance obtain a parallel to royal life in Russia.

GOV. HILL, of New York, has gallantly carried the war into the enemy's country, and has attacked MCKINLEY in his very stronghold in Ohio. On Tuesday evening, 21st inst., he spoke at Canton to an audience of thousands; and, after an able discussion of the political issues and economic questions of the day, he paid his respects to Mr. MCKINLEY in the following vigorous style: "There has never been a partisan outrage attempted against your party which MCKINLEY has not supported. He voted to deprive nine honestly-elected Democratic Representatives of their seats in Congress. He sustained every arbitrary ruling of the despotic Speaker. He voted for the infamous Force bill, by which he seeks to deprive your party of every fair opportunity to regain control of this Government. He has been instrumental in foisting upon the country an unjust tariff measure which can be properly designated as 'the sum of all villainies.'"

"THE tendency of population in this country is from the country to the towns and cities. There are ninety-two cities with a population of 20,000 or more, aggregating a total of 12,000,000, a gain of 50 per cent., while in many portions of the country the population of rural districts has actually decreased." Is there any wonder that this is true? Oppressed and tariff-burdened as the agricultural classes are; with a constant lowering of values of everything that they produce and an increase of prices of everything that they consume, their desperate condition demands relief. True, it is a mistaken idea that this condition will be bettered in the towns and cities, where competition in every branch of trade and every department of industry is fierce and unceasing; but they learn this only after bitter experience. Their remedy is now in their hands—to hurl from power, at once and forever, the party which has foisted all these evils upon them.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Fire broke out in Durham Thursday, and destroyed the First National Bank of Durham building and other property to the amount of $30,000. ——Advices from the village of St. Aurie, Des Monte, Que., near the mouth of the St. Lawrence report two feet of snow on the ground there. ——A schooner was sunk by the Bay Line steamer *Virginia* off Fort Carroll. ——A Telegraphers' Brotherhood has been formed embracing commercial and railroad operations. The Western Union company is trying to break it up. ——One of the defendants in the Irish conspiracy case is confined in Clonmel jail for contempt of court. ——A pleasure party which left Fall River in a yacht on Friday, the 17th inst., for a day's sport have not been heard from since. ——A fearful railroad collision occurred near Birmingham, Ala., on Tuesday night, the 21st inst. ——Natural gas has been discovered in Alabama. ——Italy has recognized the Republic of Brazil. ——*Figaro* publishes its last article on Boulangism. ——The Government's silver purchase after November 1st will be paid in $1, $2 and $5 treasury notes. ——For the first time in twelve years a vessel returns to England from Canada in ballast. ——The French are thinking of putting a poll tax on foreigners. ——The Bank of Spain borrows 300,000,000 francs from the Bank of France. ——The German Government declines to loan money to companies for building houses for workingmen. ——The Asheville Female College was damaged by fire to the amount of $10,000. Nobody was hurt. ——J. H. Witherspoon, of Darlington, S. C., kills his uncle, J. G. Rain, in self-defense. ——The Thirty-third degree was conferred upon Col. C. A. Woodruff, U. S. A., and thirty-seven other Masons by the Supreme Council at Washington. ——The new French Tariff bill was issued to the Deputies on the 25th inst. ——The South Carolina Presbyterian Synod favors the establishment of a Presbyterian University in one of the South Atlantic States. ——The Melbourne strike is not yet over. ——The Liberals gained a victory in Lancashire. ——A man named Morrison living near Asheville killed his wife in a most brutal manner. A reward of $500 is offered for his arrest. ——Four persons were killed by a train near Rome, Ga. ——A fearful railroad accident occurred on the Cincinnati Southern railroad. Two trains collided in a tunnel. The debris piled up and was set on fire. Six persons were killed; one supposed to be burned to death. ——It is reported that attempts will be made to contest the McKinley tariff bill, upon the grounds of clerical errors and omissions in its enrollment, and the matter is creating quite a sensation; Secretary Windom says he will enforce the law until it is declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. ——Secretary Blaine is going West to make political speeches. ——Several earthquake shocks have occurred in an Austrian province. ——Mr. Gladstone made a speech at West Calder, in which he predicted the success of the Liberals in the coming general elections. ——A man was blown to atoms by an explosion in the fulminating works of a cartridge factory in Bridgeport, Conn. —— A desperate attempt to break jail, headed by a convicted murderer, was made in Atlanta; a timely discovery by a watchman prevented a general escape of the prisoners. ——The gubernatorial campaign in the State of South Carolina is growing hotter every day; Judge Haskell has written a letter, explaining what support he expects, and Capt. Tillman says he will be elected if there is a fair election. —— A suspicious case, which may turn out to be yellow fever, is being investigated in Brooklyn; Dr. Hamilton, of the Marine Hospital Bureau, in Washington, thinks it is a genuine case, but says there is no cause for alarm. —— J. R. Creighton, prominent in financial circles in New York city, committed suicide in his office. ——A race riot is reported from Coffee county, Ga.; four white men were shot down, but none of them are dead; troops have been sent to the scene of the conflict. ——Ex-President Cleveland is in Washington to attend to business before the Supreme Court. ——A railroad engineer was fatally injured in West Virginia by his train running into a rock which had fallen on the track. ——Preston Turpie, a youth 14 years of age, committed suicide in New York by hanging himself in his father's house. He was an inveterate reader of dime novels, and it is supposed that his mind had become affected. ——Governor Fowle has authorized an exchange of courts whereby Judge MacRae will hold Cumberland court, beginning November 10, and Judge Graves will hold Person court, beginning November 10 and Caswell court beginning November 17. ——The skeleton of Ernest Schluter, who with his two children disappeared mysteriously from Racine, Wis., in March, 1887, has been found in the cellar of his former home. It is now believed that the whole family was murdered. ——The census office has announced the total population of the State of Florida to be 390,435, an increase of 120,942, or 44.86 per cent.; the population of Jacksonville, 17,160, an increase of 9,510, or 124.31 per cent.; Key West, 18,058, an increase of 8,168, or 82.59 per cent. ——A. B. Mullett, who was supervising architect of the Treasury from 1865 until 1873, committed suicide at his home in Washington by blowing his brains out with a pistol. ——Mrs. Jefferson Davis arrived in New York the other day, to read proof on the life of her husband. ——Mr. Dickerson has been renominated for the U. S. House in Mr. Carlisle's old district. ——Gov. Hill, of New York, is in Ohio speech-making. He is a strong man on the stump. ——There is a railroad now from Jerusalem to Jaffa. The locomotive engine was made in the United States. ——The Christian Church has just held its national convention at Des Moines. They report 800,000 communicants in the United States. ——It costs $25,000,000 yearly to govern London with nearly 4,000,000 people. It costs $10,000,000 to govern Baltimore with but 434,000 people. ——The centenary of Lamartine's birth was celebrated at Macon, France, with elaborate ceremonies. M. Jules Simon was the orator of the day. —— An 18-year-old boy held up an overland stage in California and secured $400. He was arrested and has confessed. ——Five hundred representative business men of Philadelphia arrived at Chattanooga, Tenn., in special trains to attend the sale of property at Kensington, Ga., a new town on the Chattanooga Southern road. ——Patrick Gorman, foreman of the gas department of the Otis Iron and Steel company, Cleveland, went into the drying department to take a nap. Soon afterward the heat was turned on, and he was roasted to death.

Appreciation.

Exchange.]

Appreciation makes stupid people brighter, homely ones more comely, the clumsy less clumsy, the diffident self-possessed. It need not be given in words; tones are often sufficient; even glances or gestures will convey ample moaning to sensitive souls. Try a few words of genuine approval or compliment upon the most stupid person of your acquaintance—you can always find some point in every one's character worthy of praise—and note the effect; it will surprise you if the experiment is new to you; try it on a woman who knows she is plain and unattractive, and mark how her eyes will brighten, her cheek flush, and her face light up with something akin to beauty. Try it on the man who lays out your walks or hoes your corn, and see what a consciousness it will awaken within him. There is that in all of us that responds quickly to the voice of eulogy, and longs for it. The man dead to this is dead to every noble aspiration. Of all places, praise should be most lavishly used in the family circle. How many of us keep all our compliments for strangers, for those in whom we have not one spark of vital interest; and to the hearts dependent upon us for sympathy and appreciation have scarce one cheery word! If we are so niggardly in the expenditure of the sweet charities of life that we cannot squander commendations on home folks and strangers, too, by all means let the home folks come in first for their share.

The ability to find fault is considered by some people as a sure sign of superior insight, when in the majority of cases it is only an indication of shallowness and ill-nature. One deserves as much credit for seeing the merits of a picture as its defects, for finding out the lovely traits in a character as for lying in wait for its imperfections; indeed, he who steadfastly and on principle determines to see all the good there is in any person is that person's greatest benefactor, and can do most to lift him up into what he might be. If we love our friends not only for what they are but for what they are capable of being, our very love will assist in transforming them into the realization of the ideal for which we love them; and thus the constant outpouring of our affections toward them will act as a perpetual lever, lifting them nearer and nearer the realization of their desires. Let no one doubt the truth of this: it has been proved by practical demonstration. Let us, then, not be chary of complimentary and appreciative utterance; but, forgetting self, and remembering those dearer, or who should be dearer, than self, in assuring their happiness and success, we most surely secure our own.

Dr. Holmes on Tobacco.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes touches on the subject of tobacco and alcoholic stimulants in a recent contribution to the *Atlantic*. The older he grows, he says, the less use he makes of alcoholic drinks. Occasionally he takes a glass or two of champagne, which agrees with him better than any other drink containing alcohol. An old doctor whom he remembers, who lived to be a hundred, used in moderation a mixture of water, cider and rum. Those who are aged require less food, especially animal food, but the doctor does not blame them for being dainty, since the pleasures of the palate are among the last gratifications of the senses allowed them. "What do I say as to smoking?" continued the doctor. "I cannot begrudge an old man his pipe, but I think tobacco often does a good deal of harm to the health—to the eyes especially, to the nervous system generally, producing headache, palpitation and trembling. I myself gave it up many years ago." Those who might fancy that the wise and penetrating old doctor offers any encouragement for the indulgence of dangerous habits get this parting shot from him: "Philosophically speaking, I think self-narcotization and self-alcoholization are rather ignoble substitutes for undisturbed self-consciousness and unfettered self-control."

A Matter Worth Knowing.

Ph. de Clarmont gives an account in *Le Moniteur de la Teinture* of a white satin dress totally ruined by its trimming with English lace. The dress had been worn but once, had then been packed into a trunk, which was deposited in a damp place and exposed to emanations of hydrosulphuric acid from gas. When taken out it was found that the pattern of the lace, particularly of its tulle ground, had been printed in indelible black upon the white satin. The accident was not difficult to explain. English lace is habitually charged with sulphate of lead, which, in this case, had absorbed hydrogen and hydrosulphuric acid from the atmosphere, forming sulphate of lead, which had been imprinted and fixed upon the white satin, which naturally had also absorbed hydrogen and hydrosulphuric acid. The seller of the lace showed that charging English lace with white lead (sulphate of lead) was commercial usage, and thereby escaped paying the damage. An objectionable usage it is, at any rate, as the absorption of lead through the skin from such lace may become dangerous to health.

A Suggestion to School Teachers.

S. W. School Journal.]

The greatest nuisance to the school is habitual tardiness on the part of a few pupils. How to prevent it is often a great trial to the teacher. A good plan is the adoption of some interesting work for the opening. Explain how glass is made—how oranges are cultivated—how people live and what they do in different countries. All this will not induce all pupils to be prompt. Have a system of grades to report to parents and, through a paper, to the public—or, having some public exercises, announce these grades to the public. When all these fail, seek the cooperation of the parent. In nine cases out of ten, when such means fail to reach the pupil, the parent is to blame. In every case have some plan of informing the parent immediately of the absence or tardiness of a pupil. To some extent, at least, the regularity and promptness of attendance are an index to the tact of the teacher.

Submarine Cables.

There are now 942 submarine cables, exclusive of the seven Atlantic cables, with an aggregate of 112,740 nautical miles. The overland telegraph is already a world-wide institution, in which there is a total of 1,680,900 miles of wire—enough of the attenuated metal to go around the equatorial belt of the globe just thirty times. The United States has 776,500 miles of wire, and in 1889 had no less than 56,000,000 messages traveling the country. France has 220,880 miles of wire, on which in 1889 were transmitted 30,050,000 dispatches. Great Britain has hung up 180,000 miles of metal line, and in 1889 sent 50,000,000 messages on their silent flight.

Sarcasm.

"Do you think it will rain to-day?"

"I don't know."

"Say, old man, you ought to join the Signal Service—they need just such men as you."

Rich Colored Men.

Chicago Tribune.]

It will probably surprise many to learn that in Galveston, Tex., there is a colored man worth over $350,000. His name is Sylvester, and he has a fine mansion in the most desirable residence quarter; and, what will most astonish our readers, his wife employs none but white servants. How did Sylvester get rich? Well, he got a start in politics, then ran a saloon and gambling-house for negroes for a few years, and finally went into real estate speculations.

One of the wealthiest and most successful real estate men of Houston, Tex., is a colored man named Milton Sterrett. He owns a fine residence, surrounded by immense grounds, all terraced off and planted in the finest flowers and shrubbery, and he keeps a landscape gardener to attend it. He was a waiter on the boats between Galveston and Houston before and during the war, and has made everything that he possesses by real estate deals within the past twenty years. He owns several large plantations, and is worth at least $400,000.

Take Senator C. N. Burton, of Fort Bend county, Tex. When the war closed, giving him his freedom, he lived on a plantation belonging to his former mistress, whose husband and two sons had been killed, leaving her alone in the world. She had given him a good elementary education, and he was naturally shrewd, so that by attention to business he soon acquired a good farm. In a few years he added to it, purchased the plantation formerly owned by his mistress, and had two other large ones on the Brazos in ten years more. His old mistress being reduced to poverty, he determined to take care of her. When he was elected to the State Senate he declared that he owed all that he was to her kindness, and deemed it his duty to provide for her wants. He sent her back to her native State, Virginia, and regularly remits to her $150 a month, and has done so for fifteen years. He is alike popular with whites and blacks, Democrats and Republicans; he is well-informed, and studied law that he might depend on himself to manage his extensive plantation and ranch interests. Senator Burton is worth over $500,000.

Henry Black, the great sheep and cattle ranchman of Tom Green and Pecos counties, Tex., is worth nearly $500,000, all of which he made in less than fifteen years. But the largest plantation owner and heaviest farm-land tax-payer of the rich county of Lamar was a light-colored mulatto named Harvey. He died a few weeks ago, leaving a widow, who will probably be able to pull through, as her husband left her four large plantations, a fine stock-farm, a big bank account and an insurance policy on his life for $18,000.

Relic of Washington, the Surveyor.

Charleston News and Courier.]

Before arriving at Capon, W. Va., about half a mile from the spring, a narrow way is seen leading directly across the road, in one direction toward Winchester, in the other toward the distant Ohio. This way was made by order of General Braddock to facilitate the march of his army during the French and Indian War, which preceded the Revolution. Washington was then serving on Braddock's staff, with the rank of colonel, and there is a tradition that he and Braddock once drank at the "Beauty Spring," which was well-known to the Indians, and deemed by them to possess great medicinal properties, especially for rheumatism. The Indian maidens are said to have been quite fond of wading in its water on account of the satiny lustre which it imparted to their shapely limbs.

But the great curiosity of Capon is the tree—the only tree remaining—which has the surveyor's mark made by Washington when he measured the Fairfax estate for its ancient lord. Capt. Vale, the proprietor of the Spring, on whose land the tree has stood so long, has, on account of an accident which has happened to it, had it hewn down and brought to a spot where it will be set up with proper marks of recognition; but it ought to be in the possession of the National Museum at Washington. It is the only relic of the kind relating to the early life of Washington, long before the era of his fame, when he wandered through the woods of Virginia, intent only on the practice of his profession.

English Walnuts.

Philadelphia Ledger.]

There is no nut-bearing tree which is capable of being made more profitable than the English walnut. The nut is always in large and profitable demand, and the tree is an unusually prolific bearer. It is hardy and is readily grown, but seldom does at all well in far northern latitudes. In the vicinity of Philadelphia we have seen a tree of this variety which produced annually from 40 to 50 bushels of fine, marketable nuts. In the latitude of Virginia and farther south the cultivation of the English walnut should be made to pay the grower handsomely.

Its widespread habits of growth make it necessary to give it plenty of room, and we should say that forty feet each way, or more, rather than less, should be accorded to each tree, the intervening space being utilized by planting ash trees. The wood of the English walnut could doubtless be rendered serviceable in many ways, and this has been done to little or no extent for the simple reason that there has never been enough of it to enter into the calculations of those who use valuable wood in manufacture. Its chief value as a tree, however, consists in its nuts, which are second only to almonds in commercial importance.

Agriculture in Africa.

Pall Mall Gazette.]

Although Africa is being partitioned with a fatal facility on the map, the European nations who are so eager to establish colonial empires within its borders will find their task a slow and often disheartening one. The administrator of the British colony of Gambia on the west coast writes in an almost hopeless way of the attempts to introduce higher forms of agriculture and new industries. While plows and implements are rusting in stores the natives have been found turning over the soil with a piece of hoop from an old cask. Nature is to some extent on their side, as deep digging is inimical to the proper development of the ground nut, which is the staple export, and abstract demonstrations that other products and greater efforts will produce better results are of no avail. It is suggested that the only hope of inducing the aborigine to adopt improved methods is to introduce a superior race like the Chinese or Bengali laborer, who will lead the way. The assurance that he will reap the reward of his labor must also tell in the long run. None the less, the task of civilizing Africa is certain to be slow and onerous.

☞ At the recent wedding of Miss Theresa Fair in San Francisco the rooms were hung with beautiful draperies of white silk muslin, while the ices were served in cases of brocade silk.

☞ Mrs. W. W. Astor is erecting a sanitarium at Bath Beach, Long Island, N. Y., for poor children.

What to Teach Young Women.

Dr. Talmage in Home Journal.]

A mother writes to me: "What shall I teach my daughters?" This one important and tremendous fact, my sister: That there is no happiness in this world for an idle woman. It may be with hand, it may be with brain, it may be with foot; but work she must, or be wretched for ever. The little girls of our families must be started with that idea. The curse of our American society is that our young women are taught that the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, tenth, fiftieth, thousandth things in their lives is to get somebody to take care of them. Instead of that, the lesson should be how, under God, they may take care of themselves. The simple fact is that a majority of them do have to take care of themselves, and that, too, after having, through the false notions of their parents, wasted the years in which they ought to have learned how to successfully maintain themselves. It is inhuman and cruel for any father or mother who pass their daughters into womanhood to have given them no facility for earning their livelihood. Madame de Stael said: "It's not these writings that I am proud of, but the fact that I have facility in ten occupations, in any one of which I could make a livelihood." We should teach our daughters that work of any kind, when necessary, is a credit and honor to them. It is a shame for a young woman, belonging to a large family, to be inefficient when the mother and father toil their lives away for her support. It is a shame for a daughter to be idle while her mother toils at the wash tub. It is as honorable to sweep house, make beds or trim hats as it is to twist a watch chain or embroider a slipper.

How to Talk Well.

Ruth Ashmore, in Ladies' Home Journal.]

Learn to listen well, and very soon you will find yourself speaking the word in season and surprising yourself, as well as others, by the quickness with which your thoughts will be well-expressed.

Read the words of great writers, think them over and conclude in what way you differ from them. The woman who talks must have opinions—decided ones—but she must have them well in hand, as nothing is so disagreeable as an aggressive talker. Say what you have to say pleasantly; remember always that the best thing in life, dear, sweet love, has often been won by that delightful thing, "a low voice."

Do not be too critical; remember that every blow given another woman is a boomerang which will return and hit you with double force. Take this into consideration—it is never worth while making a malicious remark, no matter how clever it may be.

Worth what while? Worth, my dear girl, the while here, which is, after all, so short, and the while hereafter, which is, after all, so long and sweet. It seems to me that when you and I stand before the good God it will be the little gossip, the petty talks about others, of which we will be most ashamed.

Never forget that mere idle talk is quite as bad as gossip, for nobody is gaining any good from it, and as no vacuum exists in Nature none can in every day life. Not to be a good talker, my dear girl, not to be an interesting woman, quick in your sympathy and ready always to give the word of gladness to those in joy, or speak your tender thought to one who is in affliction, is to be that most unpleasant of people—an unfeminine woman.

The Secret of Shooting on the Wing.

"We are making the best firearms to be found in the world in this country to-day," writes Captain Bogardus in the Philadelphia *Times*. "Americans on the whole are the best shots at long range, but I fail to see the sense of lying on one's back, resting the gun on the toes, and blazing away at a target 1,000 yards away. The Germans shoot off-hand at 200 or 400 yards distance, which I think is much better. I advise the American militia to adopt that style, because it will be found more useful in the field of actual warfare.

It is a well-known fact that one half the shots made in the field are at birds which fly across the sportsman or go quartering off from him, and most of the misses that occur are owing to the failure of the shooter to hold forward enough so that the centre of the charge will be upon the bird when the shot reaches him. The centre of the flight of shot should reach the line of his flight just where he will be when the line of the shot intersects his line of flight, not where he was when the aim was made. At a fast-flying crossing pigeon I hold from eight to ten inches ahead, at a quartering bird from three to four inches. At a bird going straight away close to the ground I hold right on; if rising, I shoot high. At an incoming bird I shoot right at the head, and rarely fail to kill."

For Himself.

Youth's Companion.]

The man who is working for himself has little to say about eight hours a day laws, and never stops to consider whether or not he it working over time, as the following dialogue illustrates:

A workingman with a dinner pail in his hand came out of a little shop, and was met by a fellow workingman, who said: "Why, Jim, you're working over time now, aren't you?"

"No," was the reply, "I am not."

"Aren't you putting in more than eight hours a day?"

"Yes," was the answer.

"I thought eight hours was the union schedule," remarked the outsider.

"Yes," said the workingman with the pail, "but you see I have just bought this shop, and thirteen hours is my ordinary day's work."

Making Up Lost Time.

Mrs. Youngthing—"How long have these eggs been boiling, Bridget?"

Bridget—"Eighteen minutes, mum."

Mrs. Youngthing—"Why, I told you to boil them only three minutes!"

Bridget—"Oi know that, mum, but the kitchen clock is fifteen minutes slow, mum."

Loss of Appetite

Principal of Girls' Boarding School (to her butcher) —"From to-morrow you can send me three pounds of meat less than the usual quantity."

"Have you lost some of your boarders?"

"No, but four of the girls have fallen in love."

But They Grind Exceedingly Fine.

"Poor fellow! But why did you reject him in such a summary way?"

"Well, he's the editor of that *Moonshine Magazine*, and rejected one of my poems once. I just thought I'd let him know that two can play at that game."

☞ Why is it that men condemn in a woman what they are ready to condone in a man?

☞ The ex-Empress Eugenie of France is traveling in Norway.

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ONE ENJOYS

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Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Gives special attention to collecting and conveyancing. Deeds, Contracts, Wills, Mortgages, etc., prepared in best style on Remington Type-writer.
Feb'y 27, 1890.

JOHN G. SHAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

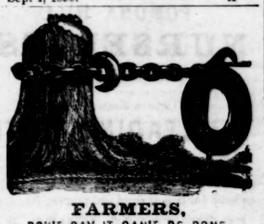
Practices in the various Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
Feb'y 14, 1889. 1y

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney-at-Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS.
Office No. 4, Thornton Block.
June 20, 1889. tf

DR. G. B. PATTERSON,
DENTAL SURGEON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
After four years' experience offers his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
Office up-stairs in Thornton Block, Room No. 3.
N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

NOTICE.

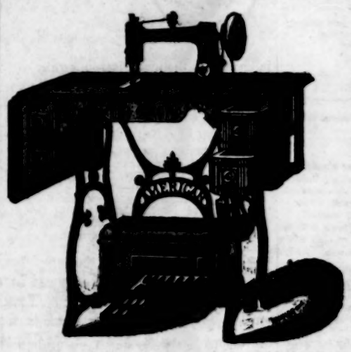
The celebrated Mohawk Stallion, Jess, can now be found at Geo. A. Burns Livery Stable's. For further information call on or address
W. J. McDONALD,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Sep. 4, 1890. tf



FARMERS,
DON'T SAY IT CAN'T BE DONE,
but come and see the Hawkeye Grub and Stump Machine pull
ANY AND EVERY STUMP OR TREE that can be found. Remember, the largest lightwood stumps are not excepted. Farmers who have land to clear will do well to come to Fayetteville, N. C., where the Machine can be seen at actual work doing all we claim for it. One man and boy, with one horse, can do the work. The Machine will pay for itself in any neighborhood in a short time. Come and see it, or write to
N. H. SMITH, Fayetteville, N. C.,
Agent for Eastern North Carolina.
S. N. ROCKWELL,
State Agent, Southern Pines, N. C.
July 3, 1890.

PRACTICAL HINTS TO BUILDERS. FREE.
100 pages, 40 illustrations, 20 short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brick-work, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders.
Over 100,000 copies of this little book have been sold for ten cents each.
We now propose to put it into the hands of those contemplating building, together with our lithograph, which, in colors, shows the various styles of our metal roofing and roofing sundries.
THE NATIONAL SHEET METAL ROOFING CO., 510 to 520 East 20th St., New York City.
Sept. 11, 1890. 1y

YOUR ATTENTION!



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Light Running
Machines
AT FIGURES THAT
DEFY COMPETION
CALL ON
BOYALL & BORDEN,
S. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Sole Agents for Cumberland and Adjoining Counties.

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—DEALER IN—
Hardware, Cutlery, Pistols
GUNS, &c., &c.
Sporting Goods of Every Description.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Engine and Saw Mill Supplies.
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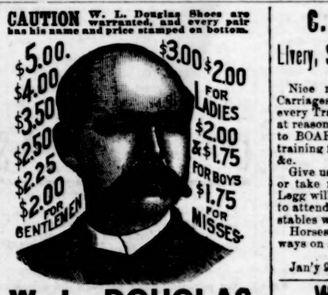
OF ALL KINDS AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
Estimates and Correct Measurements Given for Machinery and Machinery Supplies.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ALWAYS IN STOCK
AT LIVING PRICES.
TURPENTINE AND EDGE TOOLS
—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE.—
Fayetteville, N. C.

EDGAR A. POE,
MANUFACTURER OF
BRICK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Paving Brick and for Factory Use a Specialty. Capacity 20,000 per day. Correspondence solicited from Street-Paving Contractors, Factory Men and others in need of a genuine article. Best Brick manufactured South of Philadelphia; will stand a pressure of 100 tons. I am prepared to fill ALL orders, large or small. For further particulars, call on or address
E. A. POE,
October 18, 1889.—1y] Fayetteville, N. C.

CAUTION W. L. Douglas Shoes are warranted, and every pair has his name and price stamped on bottom.



$5.00 $4.00 $3.50 $2.50 $2.25 $2.00 FOR GENTLEMEN
$3.00 $2.00 FOR LADIES $2.00 & $1.75 FOR BOYS $1.75 FOR MISSES

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
Fine Calf and Laced Waterproof Grain.
The excellence and wearing qualities of this shoe cannot be better shown than by the strong endorsements of its thousands of constant wearers.
$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, an elegant and stylish dress Shoe which commends itself.
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$3.50 Goodyear Welt is the standard dress Shoe, as a popular price.
$3.50 Policeman's Shoe is especially adapted for railroad men, farmers, etc.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.
$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES, have been most favorably received since introduced and the recent improvements make them superior to any shoes sold at these prices.
Ask your Dealer, and if he cannot supply you send direct to factory enclosing advertised price, or a postal for order blanks.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

ROSE & LEAK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan'y 2, 1890. 6m

THE
MERCHANT MILLS
—BY—
J. D. McNEILL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with
CORN,
MEAL,
FLOUR,
SHIP STUFF,
FEED,
GRAIN, BRAN, &c.
Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.
May 8, 1890. tf

High Point Factory.

J. H. Jenkins & Co., of this large "plant," are making a depository with me of their many grades of tobacco, comprising Plug, Twist, Smoking Tobacco and Cigars. Their customers can be supplied at factory prices at any hour in the day.
E. M. ORRELL, Agent
May 8, 1890—tf for the Factory

C. H. LEGG & CO.,
Livery, Sale, Feed and Exchange Stables,
Nice new Turn-outs, new Buggies, new Carriages, new Teams. Carriages always at every Train. Drummers sent in the country at reasonable rates. Special attention given to BOARDING HORSES, doctoring horses, training fast horses or breaking horses, colts, &c.
Give us a trial and we will give satisfaction or take no pay. Remember that our C. H. Legg will be on hand all the time and ready to attend to business, and all horses left in our stables will be under his special supervision.
Horses, Mules, Buggies and Harness always on hand and for sale.
C. H. LEGG & CO.
Jan'y 9, 1890. tf

W. H. NEWBEURY,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN—
BUILDERS' MATERIAL,
HOUSE TRIMMINGS,
WEATHERBOARDING,
CEILING, FLOORING
MOULDINGS,
COLUMNS, BRACKETS, DOORS,
STAIR RAILS, NEWEL POSTS,
EASES AND WREATHS,
TURNED AND SAWED BALUSTERS.
Scroll Sawing and Turning a Specialty.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
Orders Solicited and Work Guaranteed.
Aug. 14, 1890. tf

Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day qualified as executor to the last will and testament of William T. Rackley, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate will present them on or before the 14th day of October, 1891, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment.
Z. B. NEWTON, GEORGE T. RACKLEY,
JNO. G. SHAW, Executor.
Attorneys.
Oct 16-6t.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Orders for Coal left at Tomlinson's Stall, at Market House, will have my prompt attention. A box will be found there in which written orders can be left. My stock of Bituminous Coal and different grades of Anthracite Coal will be kept full all winter, and my prices are guaranteed to be at the bottom. Satisfaction guaranteed as to quality and weight.
NEWTON H. SMITH.
Oct. 16, 1890—tf

Horse, Buggy, &c., for Sale.

I offer for sale a No. 1 driving horse—fast, sound and gentle, and one of the best roadsters in the country.
The buggy is a McKethan make, hand-made, and in good order.
A good set of harness completes the outfit.
Horse and outfit can be seen at Legg & Co.'s stables, and will be offered for sale only for a few days. Apply to
W. G. HALL.
Sept. 11, 1890. tf

OBSERVER.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, SOLE OWNER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, J. H. MYROVER, } Editors.

"The Observer" is the second oldest paper in the State; is read by nine-tenths of the reading people of Cumberland, and circulates extensively throughout the counties of Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Harnett, Bladen, Columbus, New Hanover, Pender, Duplin, Sampson, Johnston, Anson, Chatham, Montgomery and Stanly, and Marion and Marlboro counties, S. C.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 30, 1890.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.
Chief Justice—A. S. Merrimon, of Wake.
Associate Justice—Walter Clark, of Wake.

FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

1st District—W. O'B. Branch, of Carteret.
3rd District—B. F. Grady, of Duplin.
4th District—B. H. Bunn, of Nash.
5th District—A. H. A'Williams, of Granville.
6th District—S. B. Alexander, of Mecklenburg.
7th District—John S. Henderson, of Rowan.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE.

1st District—George H. Brown, Jr., of Beaufort.
2nd District—Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
4th District—Spier Whitaker, of Wake.
5th District—R. W. Winston, of Granville.
6th District—E. T. Boykin, of Sampson.
7th District—James D. McIver, of Moore.
8th District—R. F. Armfield, of Iredell.
10th District—John G. Bynum, of Burke.

FOR SOLICITOR.

1st District, J. N. Blount, of Perquimans.
2nd District, J. M. Grizzard, of Halifax.
3rd District, Jno. E. Woodard, of Wilson.
4th District, E. W. Pou, Jr., of Johnston.
5th District, E. S. Parker, of Alamance.
6th District, O. H. Allen, of Lenoir.
7th District, Frank McNeill, of Richmond.
8th District, B. F. Long, of Iredell.
9th District, W. W. Barber, of Wilkes.
10th District, W. C. Newland, of Caldwell.
12th District, Geo. A. Jones, of Macon.

"UNDER WHICH KING, BEZONIAN?"

Mr. W. A. Guthrie, of Durham—certainly for years one of the ablest and most influential members and leaders of the Republican party—not long since came to a point on the way where the roads forked, and, prudent, thoughtful man that he is, he halted to consider. He saw, in the direction in which the column of the great Republican party was hastening, no fabric of the constitution preserved inviolate, no safeguards thrown about the autonomy of States, no broad and liberal policy of government which should heal the wounds of warfare and obliterate the last vestiges of internecine conflict, no wise and provident legislation, upholding the rights of the humblest and developing the country's material resources equally for the benefit of all classes; but strong centralization in place of the government of our fathers, sweeping Congressional encroachments on the rights of sovereign commonwealths, the ceaseless feeding of the flames of that spirit which would write in blood the laws of a country at peace, such treatment of vital economic issues as taxes the energies and drains the pockets of the millions to swell the wealth of the favored few—and, cherishing the rights of his people as a good citizen, he refused to go farther on a road so fraught with evils and encompassed by perils.

Other men all over the country, who have hitherto affiliated with the Republican party, are taking the "sober second thought" of Mr. Guthrie, and are deciding that it is personal dishonor to themselves and danger to their common country to serve any longer in the ranks of an organization that has outlived its usefulness, and has prostituted itself to the most ignoble ends. Surely in the South, infested by the Africanized branch of Radicalism, all such men will "come out from among them," until there be left only the corporal's guard of fellows hanging about the purlieus of the federal offices—Joe Turner's immortals, "hit in the stomach with a pone of bread."

The Republican party has forgotten nothing—has learned nothing. It fires no guns and storms no forts, but it is as much the party of force as when Sherman's torch and bayonet stab rivaled the atrocities of Alaric and Attila, and wrought desolation along his "March to the Sea;" as when Seward boasted that "by one touch of the bell at his elbow he could straightway cause the arrest of any citizen of the United States;" as when the property and intelligence of the South were disfranchised that the State governments might be overridden by the negro, the carpet-bagger and the scalawag; as when the white voters of Cumberland county passed to the polls through files of Tim Byrnes's black soldiers; as when the Presidency of the United States was stolen, and a puppet put therein to do the party's behests—and today it is meditating its crowning act of infamy in the passage by the Senate in December of the Lodge election bill. For thirty years, with but little interruption, the Republican party has had the Treasury and all the financial resources of this government in its hands, but it is "held together by the cohesive power of public plunder" as completely as when it wasted millions of acres of the public domain in corrupt jobbery; as when ignorant, irresponsible and dishonest men attempted to saddle the State of North Carolina with an unjust debt of $32,000,000 in special tax bonds and other fraudulent securities; as when the Credit Mobilier flourished in the rank soil of legislative bribery; as when the "Black Friday," the Whiskey Ring frauds and the Post Tradership scandals besmirched the administration of Ulysses Grant, dishonored the name of a dead woman, and sent a Cabinet officer into retirement in disgrace—and to-day its prodigality and recklessness (to use no harsher terms) have confronted the people with a deficit in next year's financial budget of more than $70,000,000.

Whence have come any efforts to check these evils and reform these abuses—from within the Republican household? Never! The reformer must abandon his old associates and turn his coat, like Mr. Guthrie, for that atmosphere is fatal to regeneration and purification. The Democratic party alone has stood between the Constitution and the assaults of iconoclasm; it alone has battled to protect the integrity of the States from the inroads of centralism; only its voice has been raised against wholesale squandering of the money in the Treasury; in it alone the people's rights have found a defender in the face of oppression, and but for its leaders in both houses of Congress every important interest of the laboring masses would long since have been surrendered, without even the grace of protest, to the greedy demands of manufacturing monopolies. We but "speak the words of truth and soberness" when we claim that the Democratic party is the exponent of the principles which inspired the foundation, and have vitalized the structure, of this government, and in its fidelity to those principles are we to find our only hope for a free republic.

The people, although not superior to occasional excitement and ebullitions of unwholesome passion, realize all this. Their judgment, in the main, is wonderfully correct; and in this election there are forces crystalizing and compacting together that, we believe, will in the general election of 1892 sweep the Republican party from power for many years to come.

THE TRUE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The Democratic party has controlled the Legislature of North Carolina for twenty years. It restored peace and good order throughout the State. It gave the people good, honest, economical government. It steadily reduced taxes. It restored the free school system; reopened the old school houses and built new ones for every neighborhood. It has sent men to Congress who stood up for their section and labored for the good of their people. It has selected able and upright judges. It has chosen faithful, impartial, wise and painstaking State officers. It is the people's party.—*Winston Sentinel.*

Nay, more; there is no honor or prosperity in the future of North Carolina that is not intimately connected with and more or less dependent upon the triumph of those grand old Democratic principles—the principles of our forefathers, and there is not one of these principles that has not acted as an inspiration to the patriot and the statesman and the laborer alike in the great battles against oppression, in the midst of which we find ourselves to-day.

During those dark and never-to-be-forgotten days in the past, when Radicalism held our dear old State—shattered, ruined and desolate—in its treacherous embrace, and "neighbor spoke to neighbor in bated breath and in uncertain tones," and our best and purest men were confined in dungeons and denied trials by a jury of their countrymen, then it was Democracy, and that Democracy which Messrs. Sutton and McGill are to-day upholding, defending and the cause of which they are espousing on every stump, like all other good Democrats throughout the length and breadth of the State, proclaimed the resurrection and emancipation of our people from the iron heel of oppression, and hurled into an infamous obscurity those who were "most prominent at that feast where thieves rejoiced, but patriots mourned." With them should have been buried the last vestige of the Radical party. Be not, therefore, deceived, fellow-citizens, for we have a common enemy in the Radical party, and it behooves us to pocket our little likes and dislikes for its overthrow. Our duty is plain, our cause is just.

THE VOICE OF DUTY CALLS.

Shall North Carolina again fail to do her duty by the country, and neglect her own best interests? Shall the Democracy fail again to do all they can to crush out the monster Radicalism that afflicts and abuses and curses the country? There is but one way to avoid this: to work and vote—for every white man with a white heart and true patriotism to do his duty.

Many of the more reputable and considerate Republicans in this State are declaring it to be their purpose to vote with the Democracy this year. Almost daily we see notices of such a declaration of purpose. All this is encouraging, and shows very plainly that the Radical ship is leaking badly.

But the Democrats must be full of light and energy. The Democratic State committee is working hard. Let all the county committees do their duty. The cause is the cause of a constitutional government—the cause of peace and safety—the cause of public economy and public integrity—the cause of liberty and a free and pure ballot. It is the time now to strike at usurpation, at extravagance, at party madness and venality, at Bayonet bills and grinding taxes for Monopoly. Let every Democrat do his duty. Vote and talk and work.—*Wilmington Messenger.*

While there may exist in many of the counties throughout the State local differences, yet personal and petty animosities as well as fancied grievances should always be subordinated to Democratic supremacy in a crisis like that which surrounds us to-day. Having tasted the bitter pill of Radicalism in the past, we are unwilling to believe that the good people of Cumberland will ever again risk the bitter dose, be it sugar-coated with "independentism" or what not. He who is not for us is against us.

"Come out From Among Them, My People."

A very excellent and intelligent citizen of the county, a Republican, was in this office the other day to pay his subscription, and incidently remarked that he had lately been watching the course of public affairs very carefully, and was done with the Republican party. He is a modest farmer, and does not wish to attract attention to himself, and therefore asked that his name be not mentioned. We mention the circumstances, however, and in doing so recall the fact that in no campaign within the past twelve years have so many old-line Republicans deserted the party as have in the campaign now drawing to a close.—*Statesville Landmark.*

It is a time-honored saying that "straws tell which way the wind blows," and straws are indeed abundant this year, showing that the wind is blowing the Democratic way. A great revolution is going on in the West—Democracy is at high tide. The Republican policy is becoming better understood as the campaign of education progresses. The falsity of the party claims, the insincerity of its pretended reforms, and its protection of rich trusts and corporations at the expense of the people, are becoming more apparent to the working men generally, who are to a great extent the sufferers by the corrupt and unjust policy of the Republican party. Verily its days are numbered.

The Result.

Your duty well and faithfully performed at the ballot box next Tuesday, and Thos. H. Sutton and A. D. McGill, of Cumberland, and J. A. Green, of Harnett, will represent Cumberland in the next legislature, J. B. Smith will be our next Sheriff, C. G. Cain Clerk Superior Court, and H. L. Hall Register of Deeds.

ALEXANDER ON THE ALLIANCE AND DEMOCRACY.

[Wilmington Messenger.]

Capt. Alexander briefly thanked Col. Currie for his flattering introduction, and stated that he would not indulge in much talking, but being of practical turn of mind he desired to briefly discuss the practical issues of the day. He first said he desired to make an explanation about the Farmers' Alliance and his connection with it. The Alliance, he said, is misunderstood by a great many, even by some of the farmers themselves. Its principles were erroneously conceived to be country against town people and the lawyer. There was nothing, he declared, to warrant such an inference. Most of the lawyers in our towns were from the country, and were the farmers' kith and kin, and it was nonsense to array them against each other. On the contrary, the Farmers' Alliance was in existence because of inimical legislation by the Republican party—the party in power at present. The Alliance is not a party. It is non-partizan, and its members can be Democrats, Republicans, Prohibitionists or what not. Its object is to educate the agricultural classes and to elevate them. They need to be educated so they can grasp the needs of our government. These needs, he declared, were best represented by the Democratic party, and he believed the hope of the country lies in that party (Applause). He declared, furthermore, that he was as true an Alliance man as walks the soil of North Carolina, and that he was at the same time as true a Democrat as walks the soil of North Carolina (Applause).

In the above Capt. Alexander, who is to-day a member and the chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Farmers' Alliance, gives out no uncertain sound as to his Democracy. Being as "true an alliance man as walks the soil of North Carolina," he is at the same time "as true a Democrat as walks the soil of North Carolina," to use his own language. Moreover, Capt. Alexander was for two or three years President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and is recognized to-day as the standard of authority for the order everywhere. Others might with propriety follow the example he has thus set. When he said the hope of the country lies in the success of the Democratic party he struck the key-note. Capt. Alexander sees that the Alliance can hope for nothing at the hands of the Radical party in this State. In fact, the principles of the Alliance and the principles and record of the Radical party are incompatible with each other, and were never designed to work in harmony. That fact can be established by a comparison.

LOOK TO YOUR TICKETS.

There is one thing the OBSERVER would urge upon our people in particular, and that is to see to it that all the Democratic candidates' names are on the ticket you vote, from Chief Justice of the Supreme Court down. The chief and only hope of the Radicals is to spring a full and complete State ticket upon the unsuspecting. Thus far the impression has gone abroad that the enemy will have no State ticket in the field. This, time must determine. A drowning man will catch at a straw, and the Rads, seeing death staring them in the face, will resort to any measure or trick for carrying out their nefarious purposes.

MEN OF THE EAST.

Paramount to all other issues now confronting the people of Eastern North Carolina is the perpetuation of the present system of county government. To this end a Democratic legislature must be elected next Tuesday. In language that admits of no uncertain sound the Wilmington *Messenger* makes plain your duty at the ballot box on the 4th day of November:

"If there is one thing above all others that particularly concerns North Carolina it is the Legislature. Our people, above all things, need and must have home rule. If, by neglect, or conspiracy, or by any other cause, the Radicals and their allies, the Independents, should have control of the Legislature a great misfortune would befall North Carolina. It would be difficult to exaggerate the evil consequences. The material and educational interests of the State would be seriously affected.

But the worst calamity would befall Eastern Carolina and all other counties that by reason of their negro population would be brought under Radical rule. The repeal of the old and satisfactory county government system would be an assured fact, and then would be repeated—possibly upon a more baleful, reckless and rascally scale than before—the venality and plunderings of the past. With county government gone, other evils would at once follow; for the Radicals, drunk with success, maddened by long disappointment and burning for revenge, would sweep away everything valuable and needed that lay before them. As the Raleigh *News-Observer* says:

"Let us then suppose that the Republicans have control of the Legislature. The first law they would pass would be one repealing the county government system. The next would be one ousting all the present magistrates, and providing for the appointment of Republican magistrates in all the counties. There would not be a Democratic justice of the peace in the State. Our Democratic people, who have heretofore enjoyed the friendship of the estimable citizens who have been the justices in their neighborhood, would see their old justices turned out neck and heels, and a lot of Republican justices holding office in their stead.

Well, how do you like it? Is that nothing? Is it nothing that the system which the Democrats have worked so hard and so assiduously to maintain is to be wiped away as the result of Democratic supineness and lethargy this week? Is it nothing that the whole county government system is to vanish? What have our Eastern friends to say about that?"

The more than twenty counties that can be injured by the repeal of the county government system must work, and keep on working, if they would not be seriously injured and wronged. It will not do to be heedless of consequences and politically bed-ridden. Our people all through the East must get together, and work day and night until the election is over, and the State is safe. Vandals and vampires must not be allowed to suck the life-blood of the East and bring it to desolation and beggary. It will be indeed a great, burning, blistering shame if the crimes and outrages of 1867-'68 are repeated in North Carolina by reason of Democratic folly, apathy and inertness. It will be a crime to suffer because of our own sins of omission. See to it, men of the East, that no ruin overtakes you, and no detriment befalls the State through your lukewarmness and want of fidelity at a time of peril.

Stand by the "good ship of Democracy," and the Democratic party will stand by you in the removal of unjust and oppressive taxation fastened around your necks by the Radical party. Keep in mind what Senator Vance said here in his speech a few days since—that for every bad law on the statute books of this country the Radical party, and the Radical party alone, is responsible. Which party will you follow next Tuesday?

A VOICE FROM THE EAST.

If North Carolina goes Republican the Legislature will sweep away county government, and "not a rose will be left on the stalk to tell where the garden had been." Have gentlemen thought of this? If they have not, we trust that the patriotic women of the country will refresh their memories, and, if necessary, drive them to the polls. What will property be worth in Eastern Carolina if the present system is abolished? In such a condition of affairs how long will it be before your schools will be deserted, and all the beauties and graces of society are swept away before the incoming tide of barbarism?—*New Berne Journal.*

Where duty is so plain and imperative we feel almost that it is needless to urge upon our people the great importance of standing shoulder to shoulder at the ballot-box next Tuesday for a continuation of Democratic supremacy in our county and State, and the good government consequent thereon. But let us meet the enemy in one solid phalanx, touch elbow to elbow, and victory will perch itself upon our banners, and the flag of Democracy will be successfully planted on every hill-top and valley. Rally boys, rally, and let's record right here in Cumberland this year one of the grandest victories achieved since we returned from Appomattox Court-House.

AN INFAMOUS PROCEEDING.

Dr. J. J. Mott, formerly known as the Iron Duke, and now known as the advocate in-chief of the infamous force bill in North Carolina, has sent out a circular to the Radical whipper-snappers at each polling place, ordering them to take down the name of every Radical who goes to the polls to vote. This is a repetition of the infamous procedure of Eaves in 1888. The people will resent the intimation that they are not honest, by burying the Radical party under a majority of not less than 25,000. Mott's circular is an insult to every honest man in the State.—Raleigh *Chronicle.*

Indeed it is an insult, and one that our people is ever wont to resent. Jealous of their rights to decide for themselves, the people will hurl back into his teeth this uncalled-for insult, and deal with Dr. Mott and his party accordingly. Down with such Radical tactics! The cool, level-headed, conservative people of Cumberland have long since put their seal of condemnation on Mott, Eaves & Co., and we hazard nothing in saying that they will do so again next Tuesday.

Going for Polk.

[Raleigh Cor. Wilmington Messenger.]

The Raleigh *Signal* (Rep.) attacks the Alliance right along, and goes for Polk and Livingston. It says their "tour throughout this State was nothing more or less than an electioneering scheme against Vance, and Livingston assaulted Vance in every speech. The best informed people believe that Polk, Livingston and the Alliance people have Vance beaten for reelection to the Senate. It is confidently asserted that every true Alliance Democrat who may be elected to the Legislature will obey the oath he has taken as an Alliance man rather than the instructions of any political nominating convention. If they do this they will vote against Vance for reelection to the Senate."

What the *Signal* means by this is that Col. Polk is a candidate for the Senate, despite his positive denial of that assertion.

The above should teach the Alliance that they have no greater or more outspoken enemy than the Radical party, the leaders of which advise all Republicans to "steer clear of such white men's organizations." To "steer clear of such white men's organizations" is the language they use when counseling their henchmen.

TEN CENTS.

We have a job lot of Children's Hose consisting of 5,000 pairs, the original price of some of them 40c., 50c. and 60c. They are a little off in style, but first class value at 10c., which we now offer them at.

FRANK THORNTON.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. B. E. Sedberry & Son, Druggists.

NELLIE BLY

Caps, the latest thing out for head covering; we have just received a large lot. See them if you wish a Cap. Also a very beautiful assortment of Hoods, and Cloth and Fur-lined Wool Caps for infants and children, and Novelties in Wool Sacks for infants and children. Everything mentioned above is entirely new, and just out.

FRANK THORNTON.

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 3d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, N. Y.

CCTTON TO THE FRONT.

All eminent Physicians and Scientists, the world over, are now strongly advocating and urging the use of

ALL-COTTON GOODS

for underwear of every description. Of course, as they make a study of such things, they know more about them than we do. They say that All-Cotton is healthier and more comfortable, both in WINTER AND SUMMER, than the woolen goods we were used to wear. In this connection we would state that we have secured THE AGENCY of the All-Cotton Goods manufactured at TARBORO, N. C. The products of this Mill are of an unusually good quality, carefully and well made, and embrace full lines of GIRLS' AND BOYS' HOSE. They are the very best, and if you want a good quality these will fill the bill. Another prominent feature in the makes of this Mill is ALL-COTTON UNDERWEAR of every description; and, basing my judgment on Physicians' advice, I would recommend their use to my customers. They are as well-made goods as can be found anywhere, and far superior to any Northern make. WE ARE ACCOMMODATING, however, and if you prefer part wool or all-wool to all-cotton we can furnish you with the largest lines in the city to select from. LOOK AT OUR NORTH CAROLINA GOODS. For sale only by FRANK THORNTON, Oct 16-3t. Sole Agent.

Fayetteville Milling and Lumber Co.

offers for sale Rough and Dressed Lumber—Flooring, Ceiling, Weather-boarding, &c. Prices low as the lowest. Orders filled on short notice. Oct. 2, 1890. tf

For Sale.

One hundred and ten (110) acres of land located about two miles from Fayetteville, and known as "Whippoorwill." Orchard and Vineyard on the land. Will sell reasonable and on easy terms or exchange for city property. Apply to E. A. POE, Sept. 18, 1890 Fayetteville, N. C.

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of the decrees of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., in proceedings against R. S. Huske and B. R. Huske, guardian of R. S Huske, I will on Saturday, November 8th, 1890, at 12 o'clock at the Market House in Fayetteville, expose to sale by public auction, for cash, the following Real Estate, viz:

1. Lots 4, 5 and 13, on and near the Wilmington Road, part of "The Cade," afterward "Tow Place."
2. All those lands in Rockfish township about three miles from Fayetteville near the Lumberton Road, known as R. S. Huske's Sand Hill Place.
3. An undivided half-interest in all these lots situate in the north-western portion of Fayetteville, described as in a mortgage to the Bank of Fayetteville, registered in Book "L," No. 4, page 173, viz: One 2-acre lot on Mechanic street, and 5 lots on Grange street, being Nos 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the Jessup property.

For further information apply to C. W. Broadfoot or N. W. Ray. B. R. HUSKE, Guardian and Commissioner. Oct. 9, 1890. ts

ANNOUNCEMENT.

MRS. E. G. SPENCER, with grateful acknowledgment of the liberal patronage with which her friends have rewarded her efforts in the past, desires to announce to the lovers of the

Elegant and Beautiful

in fall and winter displays of

STYLISH MILLINERY

that her present stock far surpasses anything she has previously had in store, and the ladies will find everything to meet their wants in HATS, BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &c., in her assortment.

MISS LIDA E. WRIGHT who has spent some time in the workrooms of fashionable modistes of New York, will be with her hereafter, and Miss Wright's faultless taste and intimate acquaintance with the needs of customers is a guarantee of unqualified satisfaction. Oct., 1890—tf

R. W. HICKS,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Bacon, Lard, Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Case Goods, Canned Goods, Cakes, Crackers, Tobacco, Snuff, Segars, Cheeses, Nails, Hoop Iron, Glue, Bungs, Hay, Corn, Oats, Meal, Grits, Baking Powders, Butter, Cheese, Candy, Starch, Salt, Hams, Vinegar, Shot, Powder, Caps, Buckets, Brooms, Twine, Peanuts, Nutmegs, Spices, Ladies' Favorite Flour. March 13, 1890—1y

JAMES H. JOHNSON.

TO THE PEOPLE:

I AM NOW SELLING GOODS AT

HOPE MILLS,

CHEAPER THAN THEY HAVE EVER BEEN SOLD BEFORE,

and the people show they appreciate the same by their actions; they know a good thing when they see it; they know who will give good weight and who won't; they know who have regulated the prices at Hope Mills for seven consecutive years; they know the difference between the present and the sad past, when no opposition was known, and prices were so overbearing; they know that money saved is money made; they know where to get what they want and as they want it they know where they are most kindly treated and get the most for the money; they know that I keep constantly on hand the best stock of

DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware,
TIN-WARE, NOTIONS, &c., &c., &c.,

both at my store near the Railroad and the store known as the Cameron stand that is kept at HOPE MILLS. I also keep

FRESH MEATS

always on hand, and will pay highest prices for beef on the hoof. At all events, see my stock of everything before purchasing. Oct. 23, 1890. 2m

TRINITY COLLEGE

has unequalled record in training of young men for public and private life.
Attendance this year 50 per cent. greater than last.
One hundred and fifty comes leading to 5 degrees.
Expenses: $150 to $200 a year. Needy students may give notes for tuition.
Winter term begins Jan'y 1. Send for catalogue to-day.
JOHN F. CROWELL, A. B. (Yale), Dr. Litt., President,
Trinity College (P. O.) Randolph Co., N. C.
Oct. 16, 1890. 3w

PARK HOUSE,

OPPOSITE C. F. & Y. V. DEPOT,
Three minutes walk from A. C. L. Depot.
BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.
Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Open Fire Places. Reasonable Rates.

Will open on the 11th a Restaurant and Cafe with Oysters on half shell and to order, served from 7 A. M. to 2 A. M.
Special attention to the country trade.
MRS. T. G. HALL, Proprietress.
Oct. 9, 1890. 3m

Sunnyside (Floral) Nursery,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
The invoice of our annual importation of HYACINTHS and other Dutch Bulbs has arrived and we are expecting the Bulbs every day. Please send in your orders, which will be filled in rotation.
We can fill all orders for CHOICE EVERGREENS, Roses and Green House Plants. Cut Flowers always on hand at short notice. Pure white stuffed doves for funerals. JAMES M. LAMB.
Oct. 16, 1890. tf

C. W. HUSKE & CO.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN—
Rough and Dressed Yellow Pine Lumber,
Flooring, Ceiling, &c.
LARGE HEART BILLS FILLED ON SHORT NOTICE.
CAPACITY 30,000 FEET PER DAY.
July 17, 1890. tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Planed Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.
ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.
Estimates given Orders solicited from abroad.
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

Sale for Taxes.

On MONDAY, the 3rd day of NOVEMBER, 1890, I will sell at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., the following property to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy Taxes due "Fayetteville."

B. R. TAYLOR, Collector.

W. J. Atkins, residence, '88, 2.00, '89, 6.22,	$ 8.22
J K Barge, Chatham st., 87 50c, 88 $3, 89 $3,	6.50
Arch'd DeKeiser, vac Ramsay st, 88,	3.00
C K Hall, res Broad sreet, 88 6.03, 89 6.00,	12.03
B R Huske for R S Huske, office Bow st, 86 12.90, 87 35.05, 88 23.00, 89 28.30,	99.25
Jno S Maultsby, res Bee st, bal, 88,	3.50
Rebecca Mazinga, res Campbellton, 87 1.50, 88 1.50,	3.00
J C Stout, imp'd Winslow st, 86 5 20, 87 2.50, 88 1.50,	9.20

On and after November 4th, deeds will be furnished parties who purchased property in 1889.
Oct 2, 1890.

THE MOST
ELEGANT AND COMPLETE
—LINE OF—
Millinery and Notions:
which I have ever had in store I offer to my patrons this season. In STYLE, QUALITY and BEAUTY my selections cannot be surpassed, of which I ask an examination, confident that my goods cannot fail to please.
Mrs. Linebery—so well-known to the ladies of Fayetteville and all this section for her faultless taste and skill in all matters of feminine adornment—is with me this season, and extends to all her friends a cordial invitation to call and see us. MRS. JNO. SHAW.
Oct. 2, 1890—tf]

J. C. STEVENSON & TAYLOR,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
Wholesale Dealers in Fancy and Staple Groceries. Correspondence solicited. Samples on application. march 20. 1y

WOODY & CURRIE,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Commission Merchants. Groceries, Provisions and Farm Supplies at Bottom Prices. march 20. tf

JOHN J. HEDRICK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—
Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods. march 20—1y

WORTH & WORTH,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
Importers of Genuine Cuba Molasses.
Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Salt, Lime, Cement and Farm Supplies.
Offer at all times a complete stock of Groceries, Provisions and Staple Supplies of every description, of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Prices. All goods shipped and fully guaranteed as to quality and price. March 13, 1890—tf

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers.
Our Hardware Department comprises an immense stock of General Hardware, including Guns and Cutlery of our own importation. Also a full line of
Patent Bottom Tinware.
Our Crockery Department comprises a large assortment of Glassware, Lamps, &c. Also the best make of English Earthenware, both plain white and decorated goods of our own direct importation. Merchants cannot do better anywhere in this country than by buying of us, as we defy competition and guarantee prices and goods. Therefore we ask for your patronage.
WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.
March 13, 1890. 1y

Tax Notice.

The Tax Books for the year 1890 are now in my hands for collection. All persons are notified to come forward and make immediate settlement. I am determined to collect them without delay, without regard to persons.
J. B. SMITH, Sheriff
Sept. 4, 1890.—tf] Cumberland county.

Toilet Soaps.

A Large Lot Just Received.

COLGATE'S CASHMERE BOUQUET.
BAZIN & SARGENT'S VIOLET AND ROSE GERANIUM.
"4711" GLYCERINE.
PEAR'S GLYCERINE.
VIOLA SKIN SOAP ALWAYS IN STOCK.

A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Aug. 28, 1890.

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified according to law as executor of John McAllister, deceased, late of Cumberland County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 2nd day of October, 1891, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.
JOSHUA COUNCIL, Ex'r.
N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.
This 2nd day of Oct., 1890. 6w

WEDDING PRESENTS,

—AT—

Pemberton's Book and Music House.

Just received a beautiful line of Bohemian Glass-ware, Bisque Figures, Bronzes, Piano and Parlor Lamps, Mantel Sets, Ladies' Plush and Oxidized Silver Dressing Cases, Odor Cases, Work-Boxes, Writing Desks, Lap Tablets.

Pictures! Pictures!!---A Magnificent Stock.

Pastels, Photographs, Steel Engravings, Artotypes, Oleographs, French Art and Oil Paintings.

FRAMES! FRAMES!!

Made to order any size and any price. We have the prettiest stock of Moulding ever brought to this market.

Easels! Easels!!

A fine assortment of Easels in Cherry, Bamboo, Ebony, Oak and Brass.

Pianos! Pianos!! Pianos!!!

We are agents for the sweet toned Ivers & Pond used by the New England Conservatory of Music. Each instrument has the New *Soft Stop* Attachment, which insures the Piano to last a life time.

Organs! Organs!!

Wilcox & White, warranted for six years—sold on the installment plan. Second-hand Pianos and Organs for rent.
☞ Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Fayetteville, Sept. 25, 1890.

READY? YES!

—AND A—

GOOD "READY," AT THAT!

SEPTEMBER FINDS US WITH A STOCK IN STORE WHICH WE TAKE A PRIDE IN PRESENTING TO THE PEOPLE OF FAYETTEVILLE AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY, AND WHICH WE CAN

RECOMMEND IN THE HIGHEST TERMS

—WITHOUT FEAR OF OVERESTIMATING ITS EXCELLENCE.—

SPREAD THE NEWS

FAR AND WIDE, PRINTERS' INK; WE WILL

BACK UP ALL YOU SAY!

THOSE WHO ARE TIMID AND DOUBTFUL CAN COME AND SEE, AND WE WILL

CONVINCE ALL

THAT WE HAVE NOT BEEN IDLE DURING THE PAST FEW MONTHS, THE RESULT OF OUR LABORS IS

Piled-up Shelving and Counters.

PRICES HARDLY NEED MENTIONING—PARTICULARLY TO THOSE WHO KNOW US, FOR IT IS WELL UNDERSTOOD THAT FOR

EVERY DOLLAR

SPENT IN

THE C. O. D. CLOTHING STORE

THE BUYER GETS

One Hundred Cents' Worth,

—AND A LITTLE MORE.

WE MARK OUR GOODS PLAINLY; ONE PRICE ONLY; A CHILD CAN BUY AS WELL AS A MAN.

☞ COME AND SEE US.

GEO. ROSENTHAL.

Sept. 18, 1890—tf

A. G. BRADY,

Cotton Buyer, Commission Merchant and Dealer in Real Estate.

Buys Directly from the Farmers and will Pay the Highest Market Prices. Loans Negotiated and Investments Made on Reasonable Terms. Bonds and Stock Bought and Sold.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Sept. 11, 1890—3m

McDUFFIE'S CHILL CURE!

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

THIS IS NO HUMBUG—IT IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR CHILLS AND FEVER A GUARANTEE TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED GOES WITH EACH BOTTLE.

PRICE 50 cts.

W. C. McDUFFIE, Jr.,
DRUGGIST.
Aug. 21, 1890.

A. B. WILLIAMS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster Paris and Cement.
Will pay the highest market quotation for cotton handled at his place of business. Hay street, or will buy from platform if seller prefer to have the cotton weighed and graded by a platform weigher. Sept. 11, 1890. 6m

NOTICE.

Persons desiring to rent Booths at the Fair Grounds will please call on me at once.
W. A. TILLINGHAST, Secretary.
Oct. 23, 1890. 2w

Fire and Cyclone Insurance.

For insurance on your Dwelling House, Store, Stock of Goods, Cotton Gins, Saw Mills, Barns or any other property, or on your life or live stock, call on H. L. McDUFFIE, Agent.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Office in Thornton Block, Room No. 10.
Oct. 16, 1890. 1m

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

☞ The Editors of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 30, 1890.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"The Field is White unto the Harvest."

It gives one no little pleasure to ride through the country on one of the bright, cheery days of mellow October. True, the green of carpeted meadow, waving grain field and wooded hill-side has given place *to the* russet covering of stubble, hanging stalk and swaying limb, but this decay comes after a fruitful and exuberant life. Towering hay-ricks dot the bare mead, great fodder-staeks are grouped in the brown, stripped fields, while immense piles of corn are waiting their turn for the barn, and the cultivated plain is white with the fleece of bursting bolls.

What a relief, surely, it must be to the farmers of this section—whom, it would seem, for the past few years "unmerciful disaster has followed fast, and followed faster"—to feel that during the long, severe season of approaching winter the crib will never run dry of corn, and the cattle rack will overflow with forage. The yield of cotton has been excellent, and, with the holding up of fair prices, their condition is to be more satisfactory than it has been for several years—except for the serious drawback of the McKinley tariff bill, the passage of which has the inevitable effect of augmenting the cost of living to such an extent as to offset all profits of crops.

We found a busy hive on the hill at Mr. Geddie's gin, in Flea Hill township, when we visited it on Tuesday of last week with Hon. B. F. Grady. The neighbors were rushing their cotton in to be ginned and pressed, and Mr. Geddie was rushing it out for market. Everybody had his hands full of work, and everybody seemed cheerful and contented. By the way, the voting in Flea Hill township will this year be at Geddie's gin, as the most suitable and convenient point for assembling.

Plenty for All.

Brother Lowry, of the Mt. Airy *News*, breaks out into the following very moving lament:

The Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway is hauling stacks of produce from Mt. Airy. Several car-loads leave our depot every day. The question is: What will we do for something to eat after it is all shipped away? Do without, or ship something into this place, we guess.

Now, neighbor, don't begin that, or we will stop your rations of fish and oysters on their way from Wilmington. You have an almost exhaustless abundance of good things, and we want your chickens, eggs, apples, cabbage, butter, etc., for they beat the Northern stuff to death. As to your "shipping things into your place," if you are not better used to it than you were on a certain occasion that we wot of the excitement might be fatal to you. We were sitting in the office of the Mt. Airy Central Hotel one cold day in January, 1889, being entertained by that brilliant conversationalist, Maj. Foard (who has since met his fate in a charming woman, and has removed to Elkin), when a man hurriedly entered, and excitedly exclaimed: "Bill has opened that bar'l!" The crowd tumbled out, and we followed. Down the street a short distance a grocer had just opened a barrel of Northern apples—a proceeding that was watched with breathless interest by the bystanders, for such an arrival from abroad had never before been chronicled in Mt. Airy. It was amusing, but it was creditable to the self-supporting character of that community.

Industries Multiplying Everywhere.

Our development is rapid and manifold, and especially are our splendid forestry resources being utilized with the increase of railway facilities and the augmented demand for North Carolina lumber all over the world. The last issue of our excellent contemporary, the Jonesboro *Leader*, describes as follows the extensive operations of a Harnett county shingle company:

Its works are quite extensive, and its brand of shingles is exceedingly popular in the market. The officers of the Company are J. E. Taylor, President; J. M. Hodges, Treasurer; W. E. Murchison, Secretary. They manufacture cypress shingles, exclusively.

They have a model device for conveying the products of their mills across the Cape Fear River, which has been in use some eighteen months. By means of it, managed by three men, 45,000 or 50,000 shingles may be transported across the Cape Fear River, 200 yards wide, in the course of a day. They use a wire rope 650 feet in length, which is suspended 60 feet above the water of the river. The car is about eight feet long, four feet wide and six feet high, propelled by an endless rope in a manner similar to that by which cable cars are moved.

Having taken more than one aerial voyage along said wire, the writer is prepared to say that the sensations of any man first taking the trip, must of necessity be curious. He realizes that just below that car the roads do fork.

As an illustration of the business done by the company, we will mention that last week it shipped seven car-loads (about 280,000) of their fancy, ribbed and butted, 26-inch shingles to Philadelphia, where the brand is much sought after.

By reason of the great demand for their goods, they have been forced to put in new machinery, including a double blocker machine, thereby much increasing their facilities.

They work about eighty men, and during the present month expect to turn out one million shingles.

This Old Man Keeps Score.

A familiar figure in a down town beanery, where one finds no more elaborate menu than is comprised in such utterances as "Ham and!" "Draw one!" and "Three sinkers!" is an old man with white hair and a certain something about him that suggests better days.

This person generally makes his appearance in his favorite haunt about noon and sits there until 6 o'clock in the afternoon. He always has a pencil in his hand and a piece of paper before him on the table, on which he occasionally jots down a memorandum. Every now and then he chatters earnestly to himself. Many a customer has had his curiosity so far aroused that he has appealed to the proprietor for an explanation of the old fellow's mysterious conduct.

He learns that the mysterious habitue is an old Bostonian whose children live in New York and support their father. The old man used to be wealthy, but lost his fortune and his mind together some years ago.

His favorite amusement is to sit all day, as described, noting the orders as they are given by the patrons of the restaurant. Every time "pork and Boston" is the order he scores one for his native town, and when the toothsome bean is ordered New York style he also reluctantly jots down the fact.

The proprietor says that he can always tell how the orders have run during the day, because when orders for "pork and Boston" have been in the majority the old man goes home with a satisfied air and a pleasant word at the desk, while when the case is reversed he goes out with a troubled face and muttering angrily to himself.—New York Herald.

Lost to Sight.

Gen. Sheridan was not a tall man, though he had a commanding presence. While he was an under officer he was one day drilling a company, and was annoyed by the unsoldierly appearance of a tall, round shouldered Irish recruit.

"Don't stand in that way," Sheridan finally exclaimed. "You look like a Chinaman doubled over a washtub. Straighten up—form erect, chest out and chin elevated. Like this!"

Then the officer gave the man a superb example of the perfect soldier in parade movement, his eyes fixed unalterably away from earthly things.

"An' its sthraight ahid I'll be afther lookin' all the toime?" asked the recruit, glancing down at his superior officer, with a twinkle in his eye.

"Yes; if you mean to be a respectable soldier, certainly."

The Irishman puffed himself out like a pigeon, and stepping off to the measured "Right!" "Left!" he exclaimed, "Well, good-boi to ye, leftenant; I'll niver see ye agin."—Youth's Companion.

Surface Traffic in Big Cities.

Trustworthy figures, recently compiled, show the mileage of street car track in the United States and Canada to be nearly 9,000. Horse railways occupy 5,902, electric railways 1,753, dummy lines 556 and cable lines 441. The number of electric roads now in operation is 264 against 44 cable roads. Some idea of the enormous proportions to which the street railroad traffic has attained can be gained from the fact that in one city, St. Louis, the whole population is carried 110 times a year by the street cars, and in the state of New York the statistics of the surface railways for the year ending September, 1889, show that the whole population of the state was carried nearly sixty times. If to the surface lines were added the elevated roads, the number of trips per individual would be over eighty.—New York Sun.

Disadvantages of Rank.

Rank has its disadvantages if "the claims of long descent" incumber its possessor with such a baptismal heritage as Lyona Decima Veronica Esyth Undine Cyssa Hylda Rowena Adela Thyra Ursula Ysabel Blanche Lelias Dysart Plantagenet, which is the name of a pretty 12-year-old cousin of the volatile Earl of Dysart, all the other Dysart Plantagenets being endowed with equal liberality as to prenomen and agnomen, as witness for example Mabel Helmingham Ethel Huntingtower Beatrice Blazonberrie Evangeline Vise de Lou de Orellana Toedmag Saxon Dysart Plantagenet, or Lyneph Ydwallo Odin Nester Egbert Lyonel Toodmag Hugh Erchenwyne Saxon Esa Cromwell Orma Nevill Dysart Plantagenet.—Harper's Bazar.

He Told the Truth.

At the conclusion of a festival an excellent teacher, desirous of administering a trifling moral lesson, inquired of the boys if they had enjoyed the repast. With the ingennous modesty of youth they all responded, "Yes, sir." "Then," asked the excellent teacher, "if you had slipped into the garden and picked those strawberries without my leave would they have tasted as good as now?" Every small boy in that stained and sticky company shrieked, "No, sir!" "Why not?" "'Cause," said little Thomas, with the cheerfulness of conscious virtue, "then we shouldn't have had sugar and cream with 'em."—New York World.

Gritty Sandwich Dealer.

There is a sign in this city which would have called out the authorities in short order in the days of Salem witchcraft, and the author of the sign would have surely been knighted for his originality as well as for his orthography. The sign reads "SANDwitchess." He's a gritty dealer, to say the least.—Norwich Bulletin.

Safe from Harm.

Benevolent Individual — Need help again, do you, Uncle Ebony? Well, here's a dollar. I presume you find it difficult to keep the wolf from the door?

Uncle Ebony—I ain't 'fraid no wolves, sah. I keep fo' dogs.—Good News.

Trouble puts up a great many packs, and you must carry some one of them. There is no sandal so thick and well adjusted but some thorn will strike through it.

A Georgia Negro's Shoes.

The largest pair of shoes ever seen in Dawson were received the other day by Mr. L. C. Durham for a negro by the name of Alex White. The shoes were numbered fifteen and weighed four pounds and five ounces. White can never find any shoes in stock that will fit him, and always has to put in a special order for them.—Macon Telegraph.

A Method in His Wildness.

During a hunt a lieutenant fired at a rabbit, but missed it and narrowly missed the major of his regiment, who was in front of him.

"Donnerwetter!" exclaimed the major. "I say, lieutenant, are you shooting at rabbits or for promotion?"—Texas Siftings.

The Rise and Fall.

Briggs—They say a watch keeps better time when it is kept at a certain distance from the ground. That must be why yours is so irregular.

Griggs—I don't see the point.

Briggs—Because it is put up so often.—Clothier and Furnisher.

CENTRAL AFRICAN COOKERY.

Queer and Palatable Dishes Eaten Without Much Ceremony.

As a rule only one principal meal is eaten in central Africa—in the early part of the evening. It usually consists of parrot soup, roasted or stewed monkeys, alligator eggs (also well liked by Europeans) and birds of every description. They also have moambo, or palm chops, and fish. A great delicacy, so considered by Europeans and natives alike, is elephant's feet and trunk. These have somewhat the taste of veal. To prepare them the natives dig a hole about five feet deep in the sand, and in it build a large fire. After the sand is thoroughly heated the fire is removed, leaving only the ashes in the hole. The trunk and feet are placed in this hole and covered with leaves, and afterward with hot sand. In two hours they are done.

All carcasses of animals which are to be cooked are placed on a block of wood and pounded until every bone is broken, care being taken not to tear or bruise the skin. They are then boiled or roasted on an open wood fire or in hot sand or ashes, without removing the hide or feathers. The cooking is of a very inferior grade, the only spices used being salt and pepper. The kitchen utensils consist of common earthen or woodenware. Very little time is taken for setting or decorating the table; knives, forks and napkins are dispensed with.

Africans have several vegetables well liked by Europeans. N'gutti-n'sengo is a dish eaten all over Africa. It consists of egg plant, small fish somewhat like our sardines and the roots of the cassava or manioca plant (called n'gutti), which have a knotty appearance and often weigh as much as twenty pounds.

As the latter contains poison the manioca is soaked in water for three to four days to extract the poisonous substance. It is then cut and sliced and small tomatoes are added. All is placed in a vessel with water, and seasoned with salt and pepper and boiled. Moambo, or, as the Europeans call it, palm chops, is also a favorite dish. The palm nuts are first boiled in water until the pulpy substance loosens from the pit, then the shell, which contains a very delicious oil, is placed in a wooden mortar and crushed to obtain the oil. Whatever the meal consists of—meat, fish, mussels—is put in a vessel, adding the oil and the pulpy part of the palm nut, also red pepper and salt, and is boiled. Roast or boiled squash (loenge) is generally eaten with it. Sweet potatoes (m'balla benga) are more farinaceous and sweeter than ours, but do not taste so good. They are boiled or roasted.

Bananas (bitaebe) weigh about half a pound each and are about fifteen inches long. When half ripe they are cut in slices and boiled in water with salt and pepper.

N'sensi is a little red bean, which is boiled in water without salt or pepper and is freely eaten. For peanut bread (chisulu) the peanuts are first roasted and then crushed. This mass is then rolled and put into the skin of a banana, adding a little pressure, forming it into a body. It readily retains this shape from the pressure of the oily substance in the peanut.—Exchange.

Gaming for a Man's Life.

Before the war a man was on trial in Lauderdale county for murder. The circumstantial evidence against the man was very strong, and when the jury retired and took a ballot the result was six for conviction and six for acquittal. It remained this way for two days and nights, neither side showing any disposition to change their minds. At last one of the jury, named Silvertooth, proposed a game of seven up between the opposing sides, one man to be selected from each side, and whoever won the losing side was to stand by the result.

This was agreed to, and Silvertooth, who was in favor of acquitting the prisoner, and another juror, who was strongly in favor of conviction, commenced the game. It was a hotly contested game, and each juror had scored six points when it came Silvertooth's time to deal. He shuffled the cards carefully and dealt off the right number to each and then turned a jack, which made him win the game and which saved the prisoner's life. The six who were for conviction voted with the other six for acquittal and the prisoner was discharged from custody.—Atlanta Constitution.

Whitewash as a Disinfectant.

The value of whitewash in destroying infection has been investigated by a doctor of the Pisa university. He tried the experiment on the microbes of cholera, typhoid, carbuncle and tuberculosis. Portions of the walls of a room were infected with the various microbes and covered with a coat of whitewash, the room being closed hermetically for twenty-four hours. The doctor then found that the whitewash effectually destroyed the cholera and typhoid bacillus, but the microbes of the other diseases survived several repeated applications. —New York Telegram.

His Father's Old Teeth.

Little James had been imparting to the minister the important and cheerful information that his father had got a new set of false teeth.

"Indeed, James?" replied the minister indulgently. "And what will he do with the old set?"

"Oh, I s'pose," replied little James, "they'll cut 'em down and make me wear 'em."—New York Ledger.

A Modern Success.

Levelhead—There goes the writer of the latest successful novel—one that everybody is going crazy over; millions of copies sold.

Friend—That man? He doesn't look as if he had a particle of genius.

Levelhead — He hasn't. — New York Weekly.

Enjoyed It, Too, Probably.

"You don't seem well this morning?"

"No, I lay insensible for eight hours last night."

"Goodness gracious! What was the matter?"

"I was asleep."—Chatter.

Excessive Ugliness in Soldiers.

Ugliness as a disqualifying cause seems intelligible in a candidate for matrimony, but is certainly less so when the question is one of fitness for military service. This, however, is one on the list of disqualifications laid down by the head of the medical department in a manual just issued on "Conscription in France." Latterly the French authorities seem to be much more liberal in admitting the claims of men who do not wish to serve. The rejections are 5 per cent. more numerous than at the previous conscription. The French are looking more to the quality of their army than to the number of recruits. Excessive ugliness, says this military doctor, makes a man ridiculous, prevents him from having authority over his comrades, and leaves him morbid and sensitive. If the ugliness be adequate the claim must be allowed. "Male hysteria" is another valid plea. The army doctors say it exists among French conscripts, and it is the more objectionable as it is contagious.—Cor. London Telegraph.

LITTLE HENNIE'S WILD RUN.

A Chicago Boy's Thrilling Experience as Part of a Cable Car System.

Little Henry Altenberg, who lives with his parents at the corner of West Madison street and Western avenue, Chicago, nearly lost his life as the result of a scientific experiment which he had carried beyond the bounds of personal safety.

Since the new street car cable on Madison street has been running children have discovered that a strong current of air is continually working down through the slit in the road. Acting on this discovery many of them have amused themselves tying a piece of paper at one end of a string and an old tomato can or similar article at the other. Laying the piece of paper on the slit, they soon had the satisfaction of seeing it disappear under ground, where the string became wound around the cable, and in a moment or two their delight would be intensified by seeing the tomato can go rattling down the street.

Little Henry Altenberg, however, is of a reflective turn, and he figured it out that if he tied a rope around his waist he would be able to stop the cable when the slack of the line would be hauled taut, as the lake mariners say. Other boys might fasten cans to the creeping cable, but such divertissement was too tame for him.

Running up to his mother's rooms at 803 West Madison street, he quietly and without ostentation took the cord from the family bed. Fastening it about his middle he tied to the other end a piece of paper. Running down into the street he dangled the paper into the cable tunnel. His scientific ideas had been well conceived. The currents of air that swished down the dark passage whirled the paper about until the rope wound round and round the cable. Then his wild career began.

Men, women and children, and the West End gentlemen who wear silk hats and sack coats simultaneously, were soon awe stricken at the figure the boy was cutting. He pranced down the track like a yearling colt around a blue grass pasture. His soiled shirt fluttered in the breeze and his hat flew off. But he did not stop to pick it up. He couldn't. He gripped the rope that so closely identified him with the cable system and sped on and on. Then he lifted up his voice, swelled his lusty lungs and yelled wildly. People generally shouted, "Hey!" at him, and several thoughtful ones asked him if it hurt much, but he only galloped on. He was devoting his whole thought to the scientific investigation he was conducting at such a rapid gait and with such flattering success.

He had started up at Leavitt street at 2:10 p. m. At 2:12 he flashed by Hoyne avenue. At 2:13½ he had gathered speed and was cantering across Seeley avenue. At 2:14 two men, seeing the boy's predicament, rushed out to bear him on his way. One of them tried to jerk the rope away, but could not. Then they began to call for knives. There was a dearth of knives along Madison street just then and none was forthcoming. More men joined in the exciting chase, but Hennie led them all by several laps. Soon the intense excitement of the situation was beginning to tell on him, when at 2:14½ he made Robey street, and he was panting for breath. Still men shouted and women screamed. The boy joined in and swelled the high refrain. But he could not break away, and, though reluctantly, he madly sped on.

The end came finally. A. E. Allen, an employe in a paint store, rushed into the street with a huge knife, the only one available along Hennie's entire right of way, and trotting along by the boy's side hacked the rope in twain. Hennie fell exhausted in his arms, and the thrilling scene was over. Several hundred people stood gaping at the boy who had made such a sensation and tenderly inquired if he were hurt. But he disdainfully answered, "Naw!" Then a big blue backed prefect of police put the boy under arrest. He was released presently, and silently stole away to his home.—Cor. St. Louis Republic.

Hebrew, Israelite and Jew.

Our broad national distinction gave us the name Israelite in the time of our ancient greatness, a greatness to which all people may at some time in the long future rise, and then we may again, together with all God fearing people, adopt the name of Israelite. Before our ancestors were, in a national sense, Israelites they were Hebrews, a name which was and is today a race distinction. The word Jew is a narrow name in use for our separate religious distinction. Nothing could be plainer to us. Hebrew refers to the race, Israelite refers to the nation, Jew to the religion.—Hebrew Journal.

One Way of Eating Hay.

A list of military sentences recently made public in Paris contains this penalty, adjudged upon a cavalryman: "Trooper B—— is sentenced to four days in the guard house for having cruelly struck his horse while it was eating hay with a pitchfork."

Perhaps French horses may take on from their masters something of the traditional politeness of the French race, but it is not really likely that this cavalry horse found a way to eat his hay with a fork.—Youth's Companion.

Used to Laundry Work.

"Mary Ann," her mistress told her, "before ironing the fine linen always try the heat of the iron on something coarse, so as not to scorch the material." "I don't need to, mum. Thank hevins I hev a nose, and I knows when the linen is scorching by the smell of it, mum."—Exchange.

No Rest.

"Is your father in?"

"No; he is in the country."

"Ah! gone away for a rest I suppose?"

"No; he has gone away on a vacation."—Boston Courier.

The water barometer in St. Jacques' tower, Paris, has a glass tube over forty-one feet long and about three-quarters of an inch in diameter—the largest yet made.

Two Paris Weddings.

Mlle. Jeanne Hugo, granddaughter of the celebrated poet, is betrothed to M. Leon Daudet, son of the novelist, Alphonse Daudet. The fiancee, who is very handsome—her dowry also—is just 20, and the young man is three years her senior and a promising member of the medical profession. For a long time the youthful Leon, whose wonderful monkey tricks made him the talk of Paris, was the boon companion of M. Georges Hugo, and both have been sketched in Daudet's recent books—pranks, talk, appearance and all. Another projected union in the world of letters is that of M. Paul Bourget, whose "Coeur de Femme" is having such an immense sale, and who is affianced to Mlle. Minnie David, the daughter of an American merchant residing in Paris.—Exchange.

A Reasonable Suggestion.

"Why do they publish so many dialect stories in the magazines?"

"Because it saves the proof reader the trouble of correcting the spelling."—Puck.

THE LIFE OF A SPONGE.

ITS DEVELOPMENT FROM ARTICLES OF PROTOPLASM.

How the Work of Nutrition Is Carried On—Peculiar Characteristics of a Very Common Article—A Familiar Scientific Talk by a Noted Man.

First of all we may note that a sponge, as we know it in common life, is the horny skeleton or framework which was made by and which supported the living parts. These living parts consist of minute masses of that living jelly to which the name of protoplasm has been applied. This, in truth, is the universal matter of life. It is the one substance with which life everywhere is associated, and as we see it simply in the sponge, so also we behold it (only in more complex guise) in the man.

Now the living parts of this dried, castaway sponge were found both in its interior and on its surface. They lined the canals that everywhere permeate the sponge like substance, and microscopic examination has told us a great deal about their nature. For whether found in the canals of the sponge themselves or imbedded in the sponge substance, the living sponge particles are represented each by a semi-independent mass of protoplasm. So that the first view I would have you take of the sponge as a living mass is that it is a colony and not a single unit. It is composed, in other words, of aggregated masses of living particles which bud out one from the other and manufacture the supporting skeleton we know as "the sponge of commerce" itself.

UNDER THE MICROSCOPE.

Under the microscope these living sponge units appear in various guises and shapes. Some of them are formless, and, as to shape, ever altering masses, resembling that familiar animalcule of our pools we know as the amœba. The members of the sponge colony form the bulk of the population. They are imbedded in the sponge substance; they wander about through the meshes of the sponge; they seize food and flourish and grow; and they probably give origin to the "eggs" from which new sponges are in due course produced.

More characteristic, however, are certain units of this living sponge colony which live in the lining membrane of the canals. In point of fact, a sponge is a kind of Venice, a certain proportion of whose inhabitants, like the famous queen of the Adriatic herself, lived on the banks of the waterways. Just as in Venice we find provisions for the denizens of the city brought to the inhabitants by the canals, so from the water, which, as we shall see, is perpetually circulating through a sponge, the members of the sponge colony receive their food.

Look at a sponge fragment. You perceive half a dozen large holes or so, each opening on a little eminence, as it were. These apertures, bear in mind, we call oscula. They are the exits of the sponge dominion. But a close inspection of a sponge shows that it is riddled with finer and smaller apertures. These latter are the pores, and they form the entrances to the sponge domain. On the banks of the canal you may see growing plentifully in summer time a green sponge, which is the common fresh water species.

Now if you drop a living specimen of this species into a bowl of water, and put some powdered indigo into the water, you may note how the currents are perpetually being swept in by the pores and out by the oscula.

ITS NOURISHMENT.

In living sponge this perpetual and unceasing circulation of water proceeds. This is the sole evidence the unassisted sight receives of the vitality of the sponge colony, and the importance of this circulation in aiding life in these depths to be fairly carried out cannot readily be overestimated.

Let us now see how this circulation is maintained. Microscopically regarded, we see here and there, in the sides of the sponge passages, little air chambers or recesses, which remind one of the passing places in a narrow canal. Lining these chambers we see living sponge units of a type different from the shapeless specks we noted to occur in the meshes of the sponge substance itself. The units of the recesses each consist of a living particle, whose free extremity is raised into a kind of collar, from which projects a lashlike filament known as a flagellum. This lash is in constant movement. It waves to and fro in the water, and the collection of lashes we see in any one chamber acts as a veritable brush, which by its movement not only sweeps water in the pores, but sends it onward through the sponge, and in due time sends it out by the bigger holes or oscula.

This constant circulation in the sponge discharges more than one important function. For, as already noted, it serves the purpose of nutrition, in that the particles on which sponge life is supported are swept into the colony. Again, the fresh currents of water carry with them the oxygen gas which is a necessity of sponge existence, as of human life; while, thirdly, waste matters, inevitably alike in sponge and in man as the result of living, are swept out of the colony and discharged into the sea beyond. Our bit of sponge has thus grown from a mere fry fragment into a living reality. It is a community in which already, low as it is, the work of life has come to be discharged by distinct and fairly specialized beings.—London Illustrated News.

The Force of Example.

A few days since a man living in the west wanted to pay off a grudge against a neighbor without any risk to himself, and placed a dynamite cartridge in a sheaf of wheat. The cartridge was discovered before it went into the thrasher, and no one was hurt. This suggested an idea to an Ohio coward, who tried the same plan, and succeeded in blowing up the machine, burning the barn and injuring several men, but killing no one. If bad examples were as slowly followed as good what a fine thing it would be.—Detroit Free Press.

A Great Scheme.

Villager — Ah, Congressman Bank, very glad I met you. I want you to introduce a bill compelling all brass bands to join the militia, and in case of war march to the front.

Congressman—Um! Suppose such a bill should become a law, then what?

Villager—Then what? Why, we'd get up a war.—Good News.

In Either Case.

Dashaway—Your tailor says you have paid your bill. Let me congratulate you.

Travers—I had to. He brought suit.

Dashaway—Then let me sympathize with you.—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Proper Revenge.

Gurley—A man called me a dude today, but I promptly wesented the insult.

Dolly—How?

Gurley—I looked at him weal angwy. —Epoch.

FOR THE HEALING OF THE NATIONS.

GERMETUER

NATURE'S REMEDY

Is a first-class scientific preparation, the result of Dr. King's untiring labors and researches following after Gaffrey, Degeer, Brandtlett, Pastner, Koch, Miquel and other illustrious compeers, whose labors substantiate, as held by the French Academy of Science, that "disease germs may be not only attenuated until nearly harmless, but may be revivified by degrees and given the most virulent character."

—ROYAL GERMETUER—

Is an infallible cure for numerous diseases, such as Rheumatism, Indigestion, heart troubles, Headache, Liver, Bladder, and Kidney diseases, Chills and Fever, Catarrh, Paralysis, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Inelpient Consumption, all Blood and Skin diseases, Female troubles, etc. It cures by purifying and correcting a diseased condition of the blood. It builds up from the first dose, the patient quickly feeling its invigorating and health-giving influence. It increases the appetite, aids digestion, clears the complexion, purifies the blood, regulates the liver, kidneys, etc., and speedily brings bloom to the cheek, strength to the body and joy to the heart. For weak and debilitated females it is without a rival or a peer.

If you are suffering with disease, and fail of a cure, send stamp for printed matter, certificates, etc. It is a boon to the suffering and the wonder of the century.

For sale by King's Royal Germetuer Company, Atlanta, Ga., and by druggists. Price $1.25 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. Can be sent by express C. O. D. if your druggist can not supply you.

Engagement and Wedding Rings.

WEDDING PRESENTS in Sterling Silver, designs of the leading silversmiths.

We will receive this week many novelties in Silver Ware.

We make a specialty of fitting SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES. Our Lenses are ground for us, and each pair is guaranteed to be properly centered. PRESCRIPTION LENSES ground to order by a skillful optician.

Those PEMGENTS will arrive this week.

THE DUEBER-HAMPDEN WATCHES have been adopted by many of the GREAT TRUNK LINES, and are rapidly supplanting all other time-pieces on all important lines of Railway travel, and from whose Conductors, Engineers and Managers we have the most unqualified certificates as to the accuracy of the time-keeping qualities.

By permission we refer to Mr. JOSEPH H. MONAGHAN, of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., who has carried a John C. Dueber for more than sixty days, during which time it has shown no variation. We have just concluded arrangements that will enable us to sell all makes of watches at reduced prices.

MR. BERNHARD F. GROHMAN, late of Hartford, Conn., in charge of our Repair Department, makes a specialty of fine watch repairing.

WARREN PRIOR & SON.
Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 23, 1890.

LIVERY, SALES, FEED
—AND—
EXCHANGE STABLES.

The public will take notice that my

LIVERY STABLES

are now supplied with first-class

Teams and Stylish Buggies,

and I am better prepared than ever to serve you. Fine stock always on hand and for sale. Mr. ALEX. BOWLES, a reliable hostler, is with me, and customers may rest assured that their stock will be carefully looked after while in my stables.

Respectfully,
JOHN LAMBETH.
Oct. 16, 1890. tf

North Carolina—Cumberland County.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company vs. O. W. Pearce, G. G. Smith and Wife Ella Smith and Miss Mary Pearce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the plaintiff has commenced an action against the defendants by issuing summons against them and that the defendants, O. W. Pearce, G. G. Smith and wife, Ella Smith, are non residents of the State, and after due diligence cannot be found therein so that service can be had upon them: It is now ordered that publication be made for four weeks in the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER, a newspaper published in the town of Fayetteville, N. C., commanding the said O. W. Pearce and G. G. Smith and wife, Ella Smith, to appear before the undersigned Clerk of the Superior Court for Cumberland county at his office at the Court house in Fayetteville, N. C., on the 15th day of November, 1890, to answer, plead or demur to the plaintiff's petition filed therein; and let the defendants take notice that if they fail to appear and answer or demur the plaintiff will take judgment for the relief demanded in the petition. This is a proceeding to condemn for right of way for plaintiff's railroad a strip of land one hundred and thirty feet wide, over the land of the defendants three miles south of Fayetteville and known as the Pearce Vineyard. The strip being that on the line last located and running near the mill. This 15th day of October 1890.

CHAS. G. CAIN,
GEO. M. ROSE, Clerk Superior Court.
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Oct 16-4t.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of John C. Blocker, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the estate of his intestate to present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

O. H. BLOCKER,
Adm'r of John C. Blocker

R. P. BUXTON, Att'y.
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 24, 1890. 6w

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, I will on Monday, November 10th, 1890, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public auction, that valuable House and Lot on Haymount, known as the John Shaw residence—bounded as in a deed from Sophia H. McLean to John Shaw, registered in Book I, No. 3, Page 250. The above property will be sold subject to the widow's dower.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, remainder at one and two years, with interest from date of confirmation of said sale at 8 per cent. on deferred payments. Purchaser to execute notes for deferred payments and title reserved until same be paid.

CHAS. G. CAIN, Clerk
Superior Court, Commissioner.
Oct 1, 1890.

PLUSH SEATED CHAIRS.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED A NEW LOT OF THOSE

Elegant Plush Seated Chairs,

WHICH HAVE PROVEN SUCH AN ATTRACTION. NEW DESIGNS AND COLORS, DIFFERENT FROM ANY WE HAVE EVER HAD.

WE HAVE ALSO A LOT OF ROCKERS, PLAIN AND FANCY, FOR UPHOLSTERING AT HOME.

Call Early and Secure a Choice.

S. SHEETZ & SONS.

Oct. 16, 1890.

"ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL,"

—AND—

All things work well to those who purchase their Heavy and Fancy Groceries of

D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't.
Fayetteville, N. C.

Among the popular Wholesale and Retail Heavy and Fancy Grocery Houses of the Cape Fear Section is that of D. A. McMILLAN, of Fayetteville, N. C., which is filled to overflowing with one of the best Selected and Assorted Stocks of Fine Groceries, Hardware and Willow-ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, etc. Every line is thoroughly complete, and every article he sells is guaranteed to be as represented. Special inducements will be given on the following articles:

Bacon,	Hams,	Shoulders,	Breakfast-Strips,
Lard,	Salt-Fish,	Mountain Butter,	Canned Beef,
Oysters,	Lobsters,	Sardines,	Potted Ham,
Potted Tongue,	Sugar,	Coffee,	Tea,
Cheese,	Molasses,	Syrup,	Pepper,
Spice,	Ginger,	Mace,	Tapioca, Gelatine,
Pickles,	Flour,	Meal,	Hominy,
Rice,	Crackers,	Soda,	Starch,
Soap,	Star Lye,	Tobacco,	Cigars,
Snuff,	Lamps,	Lamp Goods,	Brooms,
Table and Pocket Cutlery,		Willow-ware,	Glass-ware,

Fayetteville Iron and Brass-Bound Buckets, &c., &c.

A call is all he asks. Remember the place. Thankful for past favors he respectfully solicits a continuance.
Oct. 16, 1890—3m] D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Person Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

The Best Boots and Shoes

FOR YOUR MONEY

—AT—

THE RACKET STORE

OUR NEW YORK PARTNER BOUGHT LARGE LOTS BEFORE THE RISE AND NO ONE CAN COMPETE WITH US IN PRICES.

All kinds of Seasonable Goods in Dry Goods, Hats, Notions, &c. &c. &c.

Our Stock of Hardware, Tinware, Cutlery, &c.,

—UNUSUALLY LARGE AND PRICES UNUSUALLY LOW EVEN FOR US.—

Great Drive in Towels.

☞ CALL AND SEE US.

THE RACKET STORE,
THORNTON BLOCK.

September 18, 1890.

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

—THE—
PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.
PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.
ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.
PERFECTION IN FLOUR.
OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS
ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE.
Patapsco Superlative Patent,

The Premier Flour of America,

Is Unsurpassed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.

☞ Ask your grocer for
PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
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BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.
sep 18

Capacity 1,600 Barrels Per Day.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

500 Barrels just received from our elegant mills at Carlinville, Ill.

We have opened a branch house in your city for the purpose of supplying flour on demand. We will guarantee our goods to any on the market. Prices unsurpassed. Call and see or write our representatives, Messrs. J. UNDERWOOD & BRO., Williams Building, Fayetteville, N. C.

YAEGER F OUR MILL CO.

July 24, 1890.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.

—OVER—

$200,000,000 Capital.

J. A. PEMBERTON

Represents over twenty of the largest FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANIES of the country, and is prepared to write with promptness all kinds of Insurance, Saw Mills, Cotton Gins, Oil Mills, Country Stores and Dwellings, &c., &c.

His terms will be as low as any safe Companies will write.

His personal attention given to the prompt adjustment of all losses. Call and see him.

☞ Insures against Lightning, Storms and Cyclones. Represents the Fidelity and Casualty Company of N. Y. Gives Guarantee Bonds for men holding positions of trust.

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Sept. 11, 1890—3m

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 30, 1890.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SENATE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY—16th DISTRICT
JOHN A. GREEN,
OF HARNETT.

FOR GENERAL ASSEMBLY, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
THOS. H. SUTTON,
A. P. McGILL.

FOR SHERIFF:
JAMES B. SMITH.

FOR CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT:
CHAS. G. CAIN.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS,
H. L. HALL.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN B. TROY.

FOR CORONER:
DR. JAS. W. McNEILL.

FOR SURVEYOR:
JOHN B. DOWNING.

Club Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Athenæum Club, Dr. W. C. McDuffie President, will take place this evening, with a debate on the jury system. The meetings of the club are instructive and entertaining, and should be well attended.

Dirt Broken.

Dirt was broken last week for the building of the Carolina Machine Works in this city, the work of which will be pushed to a speedy completion, thus adding another and valuable industry to Fayetteville.

Speaking at Judson School House.

We have been requested by Mr. H. L. Cook, Chairman of the County Democratic Executive Committee, to give notice that the various candidates will speak at Judson School house, on the east side of the river, on Saturday night, November the 1st. Let there be a full turn out of the people.

Knights of the Tournament.

The following is a list of the Knights for the Tournament of the Cumberland Fair:

A J. Pemberton, Jos. B. Underwood, Jr., Jno. H. Robinson, Jr., A. B. Williams, Jr., Eugene Gorham, A. J. Cook, J. B. Tillinghast, Clarence Fisher, Archie McDuffie, Robert Evans, Gus Evans, John Culbreth, Norman Smith, H. F. Husko.

Mr. Fife at Mooresville.

Mr. W. P. Fife will begin a series of meetings at Mooresville next month. The people of the town are very enthusiastic in their preparations for his visit. The lumber has been hauled, and they are now at work in the construction of a tabernacle nearly as large as Fayetteville's immense building on Gillespie street. A large choir has also been organized and put in training, to supplement the labors of the "Drummer Evangelist," and a profound interest in the matter is being evoked.

Commendation from a High Quarter.

While Hon. G. W. Sanderlin was sitting in the office of the OBSERVER on Tuesday afternoon last, Mr. Chas. G. Cain, our present and next Clerk of the Superior Court, came in, and the two were made acquainted. As he shook hands the State Auditor said: "I am glad to meet you, Mr. Cain: no official in North Carolina sends paper to my office more attractive from beautiful handwriting, or more satisfactory from the admirable and businesslike manner in which they are prepared." We propose to continue Mr. Cain in the office whose duties he so efficiently performs.

Feeds Its Own Always.

With the completion of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway to Wilmington it was natural that the receipts of produce would at first be large through an accumulation of stuff in anticipation of that completion, and that the basis of "hard pan" would be reached after this accumulation had been disposed of. But nearly nine months have now elapsed since the first through train rolled up to Point Peter, and there is no falling off in the exhibit of the business of the road. On Friday, 24th inst., of the total amount of cotton and naval stores received in Wilmington by all river and railway lines of transportation the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway carried in 27 per cent. of the cotton, 50 per cent. of the spirits of turpentine, 31 per cent. of the rosin and 30 per cent. of the tar.

Marshals for the Approaching Fair.

Mr. Geo. A. Thomson, Chief Marshal of the Cumberland Fair, has appointed the following assistants:

Geo. B. McLeod, W. W. Harris, W. L. Scott, R. S. Ledbetter, R. L. Holmes, H. A. Purcell, Henry Roan, Y. P. Hart, H. A. Scott, A. M. Fairley, A. B. Pearsall, Dr. J. L. Mack, J. G. Williams, Douglas Shaw, A. L. Moore, W. M. Smith, Douglas Jennings, T. G. Matheson, J. T. Dudley, H. T. Breeden, H. Hodges, Ed. Breeden, Wm. Parish, Hugh Miller, Clem Shaw, Wallace Scalbs, Kirkland Huske, Geo. H. Stephens, D. M. Patrick, W. I. Thompson, L. A. Bethune, L. O. Barberry, J. Peterson, Wm. Owens, T. R. Bullard, W. Broughton, Aug. Baker, A. L. Shaw, H. Melwood, Dr. H. W. Lilly, A. J. Cook, W. F. Campbell, Dr. J. H. Marsh, W. J. Underwood, Jr., Dr. J. A. Hodges.

Almost Anything You Want to Call For.

We sauntered along the platform of the freight depot of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway the other day, and were astonished at the piles of goods, wares and merchandise crowding the immense building—being removed as fast as drayage could effect it, but accumulating with every coming train. If Mr. Lake had time to show a visitor around he might plume himself on the ability to exhibit the most varied stock in Fayetteville:—from a box of Pears' soap to a hogshead of molasses, from a dasher-beater to a piece of machinery that you could hardly get into the town hall. This constant influx of goods into the city, together with the moving of the cotton crop, keeps the road's rolling stock running night and day, while the clerical force "waste the midnight oil."

Up at the depot of the Wilson Short-Cut R. R. business is hardly less brisk, and trains packed with cotton pull out northward every day.

Latest News.

We will give our patrons the latest news from the elections by telegraph—especially of this district and surrounding counties.

Field Day.

News reached here last night that yesterday was a "field day" for Cumberland Democracy. State Auditor Sanderlin's powerful speech in Flea Hill worked wonders for our cause, and a large number gave him their hand, saying they would support the straight Democratic ticket all through; that their duty had not been made so plain by anyone before. Carry the news down the line.

A Rebel Fair to Hear and Sweet to See.

The people of Fayetteville gave "The Fair Rebel" a flattering reception on Monday night at Williams Hall. The performance was well worth the overflowing patronage accorded to it by a crowded house—decidedly one of the best plays, and the most excellently rendered, that this community has enjoyed in a long time. The piece is full of interest, with Fanny Gillette as the central attractive figure, supported by a strong company.

Cotton Receipts.

Cotton receipts fort his market have reached to date 8,599 bales against 2,655 for a corresponding period of the year 1889. These figures are not without their significance—that Fayetteville is selling the product of a large area of country, and that the good old town is yet destined to assume her old-time place in the commercial world. Prices hold up well, while our buyers say to us, "tell the people to bring along the fleecy staple."

Raising His Voice in Behalf of His People.

Mr. J. H. Currie, a leading business man of Wilmington, never forgets Cumberland, the place of his birth, or its people. He is at home when shaking hands with the Scotch of Seventy-First, and he puts in many a "good lick" for us during every campaign. Mr. Currie made a strong speech at Beaver Creek last Saturday evening after the county candidates had finished their announcements, and carried the crowd with him in a whirl of enthusiasm.

Attention, Please.

Your attention is directed this week especially to the following new advertisements:

C. E. PEARCE—Coal.
WILLIAMS OPERA HOUSE.
E. W. LINEBACK—A Card.
ROSE & LEAK—This Week.
MRS. J. W. WELSH—Boarders.
GEO. BRANDT—Boots and Shoes.
FRANK THORNTON—An Explanation.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't—Seasonable Goods.
A. McIVER & SONS—"Down in Front."
JAMES STARR DYE—Fancy Groceries, &c.
J. N. EMMITT—Grates for Coal and Wood.
RICHARD A. MCCURDY—The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

Too Much Sensationalism.

The right sort of newspapers are naturally and properly wideawake in their quest for news, but in their enterprise in this direction they sometimes unwittingly do harm. A story of a raid by revenue officers upon a still in Johnston county recently has had extensive circulation in the North Carolina press, and this account stated that in the performance of the duty of arrest of the offenders one revenue officer named Flowers behaved with such brutality toward a Mrs. Creech, "in a delicate condition," that she was actually frightened to death, sinking upon the floor and expiring in the presence of the posse. The commanding officer of the squad has written a card, showing that the story was a fabrication, Mrs. Creech—who is not dead—having been treated with all possible respect and kindness. The account did great injustice to an officer of the law; but, although it was published in not less than ten papers, the correction has been made, so far as we have seen, in only the *State Chronicle*.

Religious Notes.

Rev. Father Francis conducted divine services in St. Patrick's Catholic Church last Sunday. His sermon in the morning dealt with the Saviour's injunction to the Pharisees: "Render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, and unto God the things that are God's." It was the practical, finished discourse of an educated, deep-thinking man, emphasizing the duty of the christian to render justice unto all men, to practice love and charity toward his neighbor, and in his tribute unto God to remember that if he be founded in the graces of faith and true piety he is to walk in the steps of the Lord Jesus Christ. Father Francis is easy and fluent in delivery, and especially graceful in gesture. He made pleasing acknowledgment of the sympathy expressed by the members of this congregation during his recent illness. His appointment here for next month will be on the 5th instead of the 4th Sunday.

Rev. E. C. Sell occupied the pulpit of the Hay Street Methodist Church last Sunday, preaching to the profit and edification of his congregation, in the absence of Rev. C. W. Bird, who has been assisting Rev. Mr. Jones, of Maxton, in a revival meeting.

In the absence at Synod of the pastor, Rev. T. P. Barclay, devotional exercises were conducted last Sunday morning in the Presbyterian Church by Capt. S. C. Rankin, a member of the church session.

Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske last Sunday conducted the regular monthly services at St. Thomas Chapel, on Hybart Hill, three miles west of town.

Campbellton to the Front.

Desirous of police protection—and to which they are unquestionably entitled—the people of Campbellton met at the school house in Ward No. 1, Tuesday night, ostensibly for the purpose of securing from the town commissioners police protection for their community. Quite a number was present, and on motion, Mr. J. W. Sellars was made permanent chairman of the meeting. Mr. H. L. Cook having called the meeting to order, Mr. E. M. Waddill was elected Secretary. On motion, a committee of three was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the wishes of the people of Campbellton. The chair appointed on this committee Messrs. J. W. Phillips, J. L. Andrews and L. A. Nixon. The committee retired for a few minutes and reported as follows, which was adopted without a dissenting voice:

Whereas, We, the law abiding citizens of Ward No. 1, in Convention assembled this the 28th day of October, 1890, and feeling greatly the need of more quietude in our Ward, we humbly pray your Honorable Board to grant Ward No. 1 police protection at the expense of the Fayetteville District for the benefit of tax payers, their families and all law-abiding citizens.

J. W. PHILLIPS.
J. L. ANDREWS.
L. A. NIXON.

The matter will properly come before the next meeting of the Board, where we have every reason to believe the request will be granted. The nuisances to which we understand the people of Campbellton are almost daily subjected should be speedily abated, and we know our city fathers are ready and willing to give the desired relief.

Our Thanks are Due and Tendered.

We are, least of all things in the world, given to boasting; but we cannot refrain from expressing our grateful appreciation of the large increase of patronage which has for the past sixty days increased our subscription lists and swelled our advertising receipts. The augmented volume of the latter is apparent at a glance to anyone spreading out the pages of the OBSERVER week after week; as to the former, our mailing books are open to all who are legitimately interested in an examination of them.

It is true that we claim to give a full equivalent for the price of the OBSERVER, but none the less are we gratified at the favor with which the public receive our efforts to publish a clean, wholesome, entertaining Democratic family newspaper. It is, too, especially pleasing to us to feel that we have set at naught the old adage that "a prophet is not without honor save in his own country;" for, while our circulation has ramified extensively across the bounds of adjacent and distant States, and even reached over ocean and sea to find eager readers, our strength has most developed where "our foot is on our native heath," and our friends are gathered thickest about the altars of our homes. The people of Cumberland county are demonstrating more forcibly than ever their regard for and confidence in the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

Cumberland's Democracy.

A citizen of Fayetteville—by birth a Seventy-First man, and by inclination, training and tradition a staunch and uncompromising Democrat—has enjoyed opportunities of seeing a good deal of the county campaign on the west side of the river, and he informs us that the Democrats have every reason to be satisfied with their ticket and with the bearing of their candidates on the stump. They are making a vigorous fight, and are attacking the enemy's defenses on every side.

The general interest is deepening every day. Whatever indifference might have existed prior to the canvass, it has been replaced by a determination on the part of the white men of this county to omit no effort necessary to success—to stand squarely by the party organization, and give their hearty support to the candidates put forward by the nominating conventions. We expect the welcome of the east to rival that of the west as the candidates cross the river this week, and our united forces will roll into the sheriff's office on Tuesday night, November 4th, and the following day such returns of duty well done at every precinct as will put beyond peradventure the solidity of the foundation upon which the Cumberland Democracy rests.

We cannot afford to lose in this contest—not the smallest part of the ticket. We paid much to learn our political lessons, and we must win. If we are true to ourselves we will win.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Dr. J. W. McNeill, President of the Y. M. C. A., has appointed the following committees to serve the unexpired term. He also requests these committees to meet him at the rooms of the Association Friday next, the 31st inst., at 7:30 P. M.:

Executive Committee.—B. E. Sedberry, W. B. Malloy, Q. K. Nimocks.

Committees on Ways and Means.—G. P. McNeill, Jno. Underwood, J. M. Lamb, G. G. Myrover, Dr. J. H. Marsh.

Committee on Membership.—R. M. Prior, Chairman; W. S. Sheetz, T. J. Whitted.

Reception.—Dr. J. H. Marsh, Chairman; W. S. McRae, Geo. Weisiger, Styles Sedberry, Gordon Jessup, A. S. Rose, Garland Spencer, Tom Barclay, H. B. Tripp, R. W. Southerland, M. N. Raynor, A. E. Ellis, C. E. Pearce.

Lectures and Entertainment.—A. A. McKethan, Chairman; E. L. Pemberton, H. L. Cook, Dr. J. A. Hodges, Dr. J. H. Marsh.

Employment and Boarding Houses.—W. D. Gaster, Chairman; A. J. Cook, W. J. Deal.

Visitation of Sick.—W. W. Cole, Chairman; W. L. Hawley, B. C. Gorham.

Churches.—McKee Barclay, Chairman; B. F. Beasley, W. C. McDuffie, Jr., A. J. Pemberton.

Work Among Boys.—G. G. Morover, Dr. J. F. Highsmith, Q. K. Nimocks.

Devotional.—J. M. Lamb, A. E. Rankin, F. D. Epps.

Rooms and Library.—Q. K. Nimocks, G. P. McNeill, W. B. Malloy, John Underderwood.

How The 52nd Congress Will Stand.

Here is the way the New York *Herald* figures out the result of the coming Congressional elections. Giving the Republicans the benefit of every doubtful district, it says the 52nd Congress will stand as follows:

	Rep.	Dem.
East,	64	31
West,	79	37
South,	14	107
Total,	157	175

Democratic majority at the lowest calculation, 18.

"Ten Nights in a Bar-room."

Of this well-known performance the Petersburg *Index* says:

Sanford's "Ten Nights in a Bar-room" was performed at the Academy of Music last night, before an audience that made up in appreciativeness what it lacked in numbers. The moral of the play is the evil of intemperance, and this the actors fully developed. An afterpiece, "The Ghost," gave Mr. Sanford an opportunity to show his gifts as a "burnt cork" artist, and provoked much mirth.

Hon. G. W. Sanderlin, State Auditor, was here Tuesday *en route* to Williams' Mill, where he made a telling speech for Democracy.

THE MARRIAGE ALTAR.

McLauchlin and Green—McKay and Widdifield—McLean and Davis—Sessoms and Rankin.

The OBSERVER has to present to its readers the report of four marriages transpiring in the community within the past eight days—a duty to which we address ourselves with no little pleasure. Love is heaven-born, and its consummation in the nuptial contract which the law of man provides offers us our nearest approach to the fruition of the soul's natural yearning for temporal happiness. More than this, the political economist deems the frequency of marriage in any community a matter for general gratulation, as betokening a measure of material prosperity which justifies assuming domestic ties, with added cares as well as joys.

MCLAUCHLIN—GREEN.

The esteem and affection entertained throughout the whole community for the "happy, happy pair!" was manifested by the throngs of young people who, for hours prior to the ceremony, aided in placing in the Hay Street Methodist Church the beautiful adornments which were to do honor and lend attraction to the solemnization, by Rev. C. W. Byrd, of the wedding of Mr. W. G. McLauchlin, a very popular young man of this city, and the charming Miss Agnes Green, daughter of Capt. T. J. Green, at 8:30 P. M. on Wednesday, 22nd inst. The bridal party were conducted to their places by the ushers, Messrs. Thos. Whitted, W. C. Dodson, S. H. Strange and A. J. Cook, and the attendants entered in the following order: Mr. E. Hawley and Miss Katie D. McKethan; Mr. Arch. Campbell and Miss Alice Hawley; Capt. W. H. Pemberton and Miss Ella Green; Mr. David Wright and Miss Kate Proctor; Mr. C. H. McLauchlin and Miss Clara Albright. The music was finely rendered, and the costumes were elegant full evening dress.

MCKAY—WIDDIFIELD.

Our very cordial wishes for unmarred connubial bliss attend the union of Mr. Herbert McKay, of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway service, to Miss Sallie Widdifield, the fair daughter of the late Wm. W. Widdifield—which took place at 2:30 P. M. on Thursday, 23rd inst., in the beautifully-decorated Hay Street Methodist Church, Rev. C. W. Byrd, the pastor, officiating. There were no attendants, the usher being Messrs. Robert Powers, J. L. Kennedy, Owen Bond, E. W. Bristow. The bride and groom left that afternoon for Bennettsville, where they will reside.

MCLEAN—DAVIS.

At 7 A. M. on Wednesday, 29th inst., at the residence of Mrs. Geo. Davis, on Haymount, Mr. Jno. M. McLean, a prosperous and energetic young farmer of Richmond county, was married to Miss Sallie Davis, the lovely young daughter of the late Geo. Davis—Rev. David Fairley, of the Presbyterian Church, of Manchester, performing the ceremony, with the following bridal attendants: Mr. Jno. F. Davis and Miss Lizzie A. McPherson; Mr. Murdoch McDuffie and Miss Bettie Register; Mr. Neill McKay and Miss Janie C. Vaughn. After the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. McLean departed by private conveyance to their Richmond county home—may it never, through all the years of a long life, lack the elements of unalloyed felicity.

SESSOMS—RANKIN.

Mr. Alex. Sessoms, of Glenecho, Secretary of the Enterprise Land and Improvement Company, and a prominent citizen and "man of affairs" of this county, was joined in marriage to Miss Nannie A. Rankin, whose graces of mind and nobility of character have won for her such tributes of love and admiration in Fayetteville, at 11 A. M. yesterday, 29th inst., by Rev. T. P. Barclay, at the residence of Mr. A. E. Rankin, with only the members of the two families and a few intimate friends in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Sessoms left on the west-bound train at 12:50 P. M., to spend some time at Asheville.

Personal Pencilings.

Col. C. S. McCall, of South Carolina, spent Saturday in Fayetteville.

Mrs. H. McD. Robinson has returned from quite an extended trip to Duplin.

Capt. J. W. Fry, General Manager of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., spent the day here last Thursday.

Mrs. A. L. Ledbetter has returned from a visit of two or three months to that delightful resort, Blowing Rock.

Mr. J. O. Williams, a well-known citizen of the Wade neighborhood, made us a pleasant call on Tuesday morning.

Glad to see Mr G. H. Haigh in town this week. He is home to do his duty by casting his ballot for Democracy and tariff reform.

Rev. Jarvis Buxton, the gifted rector *emeritus* of the Episcopal church at Asheville, has accepted a call to Lenoir, Caldwell county, N. C.

Mrs. R. W. Bidgood left Tuesday for an extended visit to friends in Virginia. Thence she goes to New York city, Philadelphia and some of the New England cities.

Mr. Owen B. Wightman, now bookkeeper of a large mercantile house at Little Rock, Ark., paid a visit of a day or two here, on his way back to Arkansas from New York.

Prof. Lineback, of Salem, was in the city this week. He returns home for the election (he would die but what he would vote the white man's ticket), but he will return to tune our pianos for us—and it is a work which he does well.

A Sufficient Reason.

Senator Vance at Carthage.]

He said the Republican party was mean. It admitted two territories, Idaho and Wyoming, to statehood, and they are both not as big as one of your Congressional districts. In Wyoming the Mormons are Democrats, and every one of them is disfranchised by its constitution; in Idaho the Mormons are Republicans, and its constitution permits every man with his forty wives to vote. That is one reason why I voted to put brimstone on the free list.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Duplin Notes.

For the Observer.]

KENANSVILLE, N. C., Oct. 25, '90.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The inclemency of the weather last Wednesday prevented the assembling of as large an audience as we had expected to hear the clear, forcible and entertaining address of the gifted Maj. C. M. Stedman, but it failed to cast a damper over the feelings of the happy number assembled at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Farrior to witness the impressive ceremony performed by Rev. G. W. McMillan, by which Mayor A. D. Ward, whose personal popularity and high legal attainments are well known to and acknowledged by his brethren of the bar, and Miss Jennie Farrior, one of Kenansville's most popular and attractive young ladies, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. After the ceremony the happy couple, accompanied by a number of friends, left for the home of the groom's father, at which an elegant reception was given, and for the enjoyableness of which your correspondent can personally speak. We are glad to know that Kenansville will be their future home.

Rev. G. W. and Mrs. McMillan left Thursday for Synod, which met Tuesday night in Wilmington.

Rev. J. D. Stanford expects to-day to dedicate a church at Sutton's Branch.

Messrs. Chas. Williams and Albert Pickett, of Magnolia, are among the recent enrollments of the Kenansville High School.

Miss Mary Farrior, of Goldsboro, is visiting Miss Jessie Farrior.

Mr. J. M. Archer, by his excellent management, has made quite a success of his dairy farm, and the reputation of his fine butter is more than a local one. He now has several head of blooded stock which he has advertised for sale.

We have just heard of the death of Mr. Harper Williams, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Duplin.

Grady in Pender.

For the Observer.]

BURGAW, PENDER COUNTY, N. C., October 25, 1890.

EDITORS OBSERVER:—B. F. Grady, Esq., our talented candidate for Congress in this Congressional District, is making a vigorous and successful canvass. He wins golden opinions wherever he speaks, and in all the counties the Democratic party is holding up his hands and standing by him with unanimity, courage and enthusiasm. When he takes his seat in Congress it can truly be said of him that no new member of Congress from North Carolina ever went there with a better Democratic record, better habits, a purer or more exemplary life, or better qualified to serve his constituents.

He addressed, with force and ability, a large crowd of the thinking and substantial men of Pender to-day at a place in this county called Shaking. He invested the dry and hackneyed subjects of the tariff, internal revenue and national banks with a freshness, interest, ability and originality that gave them new interest, and showed him to be a man of much power of thought, thoroughly informed on political matters, and emphatically a man of the people. He gave the origin and history of tariff legislation—its effects on domestic prices at home and abroad—showed how the farmers are robbed at both ends—when they sell as well as when they buy. He contended that the protective system is the biggest issue before the country. With much power of analysis, he depicted high tariffs, the internal revenue system, national banks, the question of an income tax and other live issues. He showed himself familiar with all these great questions, and that he is a statesman destined to take high rank in the House of Representatives.

The attentive audience were much delighted with his very fine effort.

The more the people of this Congressional district know of him the better they will like him.

A JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT.

Col. Burgwyn Was Incorrectly Reported.

Raleigh News and Observer.]

HENDERSON, N. C., Oct. 25.

Capt. S. A. Ashe:

DEAR SIR:—I was incorrectly reported in Mr. Rowland's account of my speech. It seems to me its very face showed that. Could you think I would approve of a man's voting for a measure he considered unconstitutional, or say the passage of the corn laws changed the English dynasty?

I distinctly stated that, though I ventured to differ from him, as Gov. Vance considered the Sub-Treasury plan unconstitutional there was but one course open to him, and that was to oppose it. I have always, on all occasions, spoken of Gov. Vance and his noble record in the most eulogistic terms.

I am happy to believe that when the legislature meets he will be triumphantly reelected his own successor.

I only saw your editorial last night, and write this by the first mail. Later on, with your permission, I will reply to your criticism of my views "on the nature of our government."

Yours very truly,
W. H. S. BURGWYN.

DIED.

HALL—On the night of the 25th inst., at 11:30 o'clock at the residence of the grandfather, Mr. A. J. Woodward, on Haymount, CLARA RAY, infant daughter of Geo. H. and Delia Hall.

JOHNSON—In this town, on the 23rd inst., after an illness of a few days, EARNEST A., son of Matthew W. and Eliza Johnson, aged 13 years.

BEAUTIFUL ROOMS,

we know, can be found in abundance in this, our beautiful little city and vicinity. We know this from the number of Carpets we have furnished to our patrons. We struck a run on Carpets at the opening of the season, and it has stayed with us, and still increases. Possibly our stock is larger, and patterns more attractive, than can be found elsewhere; the public judges those matters. To-day we received an addition of 25 pieces to our stock. They will sell at sight. See them if you wish a Carpet.

FRANK THORNTON.

A SEASONABLE LOCAL.

If you haven't already done so, you had better prepare now with Underwear for winter use. We solicit your examination of our stock, which has just been opened out, comprising Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's wear in all grades. There are some new and sensible styles in this season's production, and we show complete lines in all of them. These goods will certainly advance in price in a very short time.

FRANK THORNTON.

DRESS FABRICS.

Some very handsome styles just received in West of England Tweeds, Scotch Clan Plaids, Homespuns, Scotch Skirtings, Cachemere d'Ecasse and Camel's Hair for street wear. Nun's Veiling, Albatross and Henriettas in light shades for evening wear. A remarkably handsome assortment.

FRANK THORNTON.

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS.

We show a very large line of Boys' and Children's Suits this season in all grades and styles—Jerseys, Blue Cheviots, Fancy Cheviots, Tricots and Cassimeres, all ages; long and short pants.

FRANK THORNTON.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

GRATIFYING TO ALL

The high position attained by and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant, liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known, illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based, and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SHOULDER CAPES

are in demand, and we show them in every variety. The Cloth Cape seems to be a favorite, and we have a large assortment of them, together with Astrachan, Monkey, Seal, Badger, Wool and other styles. A full and complete line, and some very handsome combinations. Look at them.

FRANK THORNTON.

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

Good Middling	9¼
Middling	9
Strict Low Middling	9

Turpentine, $2.20 to $2.40 per barrel
NAVAL STORES—Spirits 36 cents
Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 85 to 90 for common.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 21.

COTTON—Cotton steady, with sales on a basis of 9¼ cents for Middling.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 28½ cents per gallon.
TAR—Firm $1.60.
ROSIN—The market quoted firm at $1.07½ per bbl. for Strained and $1.12½ cents for Good Strained.
TURPENTINE (Crude) Distillers quote the market firm at $1.90 for Virgin, $1.90 for Yellow Dip and 1.20 for Hard.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN EXPLANATION.

My circulars of this week, advertising the entire stock of Cloaks, Jackets, Capes and Wraps of every description at cost for a limited time, may appear to you unusual, especially as the season has just opened for these goods, and the stock cannot be replaced at the same figures I now offer them at. Goods of this nature have advanced from 20 per cent. to 40 per cent. in the last 30 days; My stock was secured before the advance. My motto in business is

Protection to my Customers,

and you may rest assured that I propose to maintain it. I propose to hold the trade so generously bestowed on my establishment for so many years, and will not, if within my power, allow my customers to go elsewhere to purchase anything in the Dry Goods line. Notice of great reduction in Wraps is being circulated in town, and our present proposition is to give you these goods at at least 25 per cent. lower than you can obtain them elsewhere. We frankly admit that we lose money by this step, but we are determined to meet it.

ALL COMPETITION,

and now, as well as in the future, give our patrons goods for less money than any one else can afford to.

FRANK THORNTON.
Oct. 30, 1890. 2t

HAVING

JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK,

My Stock is Arriving Daily,

AND I CAN SHOW YOU AN ELEGANT LINE OF

Fancy Groceries

—AND—

Canned Goods,

AND WILL GUARANTEE QUALITY OF ALL GOODS TO BE THE BEST.

YOUR EAELY ATTENTION IS REQUESTED TO AN INVITATION I EXTEND TO ALL.

Come and see for yourself.

JAMES STARR DYE.
Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 30, 1890. tf

Williams Opera House!

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS, OCT. 31 and NOV. 1.

Sanford's Interpretation of Ten Nights in a Bar Room, in Six Acts.

Sam S. Sanford, with songs, as Simon Slade; Jas. Bradford as Joe Morgan; Mamie Leehler, with songs, as Mary Morgan; Miss Sallie Partington, with songs, as Mehitable; Mrs. Morgan as Miss Eva Bradford; Mrs. Slade, Miss Ida May Lewis; Mr. Romaine, H. Davis; Charlie P. Camilloe Harvey Green; M. Earl Wallis; Hammond, J. H. Stout; Frank Slade, R. Lindsay.

After which the laughable comedy entitled

THE GHOST.

JAKE, who saw the ghost, SAM S. SANFORD; Pete, who is the ghost, M. Lewis; Upright, who owns the store, J. H. Stout.

Admission, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. Seats for sale at Pemberton's Book and Music House.
Oct. 30, 1890.

THIS WEEK

ROSE & LEAK have made large additions to their stock of SHOES. Every one entering ROSE & LEAK'S store is impressed with the large stock of all kinds of SHOES they carry. ROSE & LEAK rarely ever miss a sale on Shoes for their large stock embraces all grades from the coarsest Brogan to the finest hand-made Shoe.

ROSE & LEAK are the only Agents in Fayetteville, N. C., for the celebrated and much advertised "Douglas Shoe," also for Burt & Packard's, Lilly Bracket & Co.'s and Stribly & Co.'s fine shoes.

ROSE & LEAK last week reduced the price in Fayetteville, N. C., on all kinds of WRAPS, and they are keeping the price of shoes down notwithstanding the recent advance in all grades of Shoes, Leather, &c. Their cash system does it.

GOODS SOLD ONLY FOR CASH,
ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Respectfully,
ROSE & LEAK.
Oct. 30, 1890.

Grates for Coal and Wood.

I have on hand and am constantly making grates for fire-places for burning wood, coal or coke. They are cheaper than they have ever been sold here before—$2.75 is all I ask for them.

J. N. EMMITT,
Founder and Wood Carder.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 30, 1890. 3m

Fresh Meats.

The public will take notice—and act accordingly—that I have opened up a MEAT STALL in the south west corner of the Market House, where I am prepared to serve my old customers, and the new ones as well, with Fresh Meats of all kinds, Fish, Game, &c., all the year round.

Another car load of Fat Mountain Beef to arrive Wednesday or Thursday morning.

N. INGRAM.
Oct. 16, 1890. 1m

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"DOWN IN FRONT!"

And Hear the News!

A. McIVER & SONS

Would announce to the public that on account of the growth of their business in this city, they have removed their well and

Carefully Selected Stock of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

from the brick store, next door to the Park House, to the spacious rooms recently occupied by Messrs. John Roddick & Co., on Hay Street, opposite the People's National Bank and next door to Horne's Drug Store, when and where the public will always find a full line

Heavy, Staple and Fancy Groceries

for sale as cheap as the cheapest. Quick sales and small profits will be our motto, and fresh goods our customers shall always have. Articles of food to suit the most fastidious as well as the every day requirements. We have goods, and will not be undersold in

BACON, LARD, OYSTERS, POTTED TONGUE, CHEESE, SPICE, PICKLES, RICE, SOAP, SNUFF, HAMS, SALT FISH, LOBSTERS, SUGAR, COFFEE, FLOUR, MEAL, MOLASSES, MEAT, GINGER, CRACKERS, LAMPS, FRESH BUTTER (from Moore county,) SARDINES, SYRUP, MACE, SODA, TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, BROOMS, BREAKFAST-STRIPS, CANNED BEEF, POTTED HAM, TEAS, PEPPER, HOMINY, STARCH, WILLOW and HOLLOW-WARE, &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Goods delivered to any and all parts of the city free of charge.

Thankful for past favors, we cordially invite you, one and all, to call and see us in our new quarters. Remember the place.

A. McIVER & SONS,
NO. 27 HAY ST., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Oct. 30, 1890—tf

BOARDERS.

MRS. J. W. WELSH

can accommodate a few gentlemen boarders. Terms moderate. Residence near Hotel LaFayette.
Oct. 30, 1890. 2t

A CARD.

I propose going home on Monday to cast my vote, and will return after a few days to look after your orders. Please leave your orders for me at Pemberton's Book Store.

E. W. LINEBACK.
Oct. 30, 1890. 1tpd

Coal! Coal!

COAL!

Anthracite and Bituminous Egg and Nut,

IN ANY QUANTITY.

For sale by
C. E. PEARCE.

Leave orders at McMillan Bro.'s Store.
Oct. 30, 1890. tf

New Receiving Seasonable Goods,

—SUCH AS—

Raisins, Currants, Citron, Figs, &c.

We invite custom for goods in stock and to arrive. All are cordially invited to see our goods. Those who have not already placed their orders with us for SAUSAGE and OYSTERS we will be pleased to have do so. Transient or regular orders solicited.

Bear in mind, Terms Cash—not 30 days.

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.
Oct. 30, 1890.

Boots and Shoes!

Boots and Shoes!!

BOOTS AND SHOES!!!

One of the largest stocks of

BOOTS and SHOES

ever brought to this market. (No advance in price, the orders having been given two months ago.) The stock is offered at ONE PRICE and no deviation.

Please call at once and secure the greatest bargains of the season.

GEO. BRANDT.
One door west of People's Nat. Bank.
Oct. 30, 1890. 1t

Do not confuse THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, with any other Company of apparently similar name, but less magnitude.

Bear in mind that there is no Life Insurance company called "The New York Mutual Life" and that there is no Life Insurance Company chartered by the State of New York, authorized to use the word MUTUAL in its title except THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. MCCURDY,
PRESIDENT.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS,
VICE-PRESIDENT.

Oct. 30, 1890. 1t

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of Xenion Phillips, deceased, hereby gives notice to all parties having claims against said estate to present them on or before October 16, 1890, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted are requested to settle.

GEO. M. ROSE,
Administrator.
Oct. 16, 1890.

! JUST IN TIME !
!! TO SUIT THE SEASON !!

The Handsomest and Best Stock of Clothing for Gentlemen, Youths and Boys just received and for sale cheap.

GEO. BRANDT'S.

The largest stock of Shirts and Collars of all descriptions—the best made and cheapest in the market, at GEO. BRANDT'S.

The largest stocks of Blankets, Quilts and Counterpanes, cheap, just received at GEO. BRANDT'S.
Oct. 23, 1890.

Painting and Drawing.

MISS MAGGIE ROSE will give lessons in Oil and Water Color Painting and Drawing at her Studio, above Mr. Whaley's Jewelry Store, opposite the Park House.

Terms—24 lessons, $6.00.

Call at Studio Tuesdays and Saturdays from 3 to 6, or address by mail.

Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 23, 1890. 2t

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having taken out letters of administration upon the estate of J. H. Roberts, deceased, notifies all persons having claims against his estate to present them for payment within the time required by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment.

J. H. ROBERTS, JR.,
Administrator of J. H. Robert
Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 23, 1890. 6t

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a certain deed of mortgage executed on March 13th, 1888, by Josiah Pope and wife to C. T. Williams & Co., and which has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, N. C., in Book "I, No. 4,"

OCTOBER'S PARTY.

October gave a party:
The leaves by hundreds came—
The Ashes, Oaks and Maples,
And those of every name.
The sunshine spread a carpet,
And everything was grand;
Miss Weather lead the dancing,
Professor Wind the band.

The Chestnut came in yellow,
The Oaks in crimson dressed;
The lovely Misses Maple
In scarlet looked their best,
And balanced all their partners,
And gaily fluttered by;
The sight was like a rainbow
New-fallen from the sky.

Then, in the rustic hollows,
At "hide-and-seek" they played.
The party closed at sundown,
And everybody stayed;
Professor Wind played louder,
They flew along the ground;
And then the party ended
In jolly "hands around."

WHEN TWILIGHT FALLS.

When twilight falls in splendor drest,
His couch the sun seeks in the west,
Portward the toiling fisher wends,
And from the task the swain unbends,
With simple thoughts of home and rest.
A lingering thrush, his joy expressed
In one last anthem, seeks his nest;
And quiet with the dew descends,
When twilight falls.

The lilting music in the breast
Of duty done—of fault confest—
Of trespass softened by amends—
Of love surpassing love of friends—
Ah! would—ah! would this were my rest,
When twilight falls.
—*New York Observer.*

Autumn Reflections.

Southern Cultivator.]

Now is the time to sow all hardy grasses. Prepare the land by plowing and harrowing. Towards the last of the month is usually the best time to dig sweet potatoes. Dig, if possible, when the ground is dry, or when the potatoes are not in a growing condition. If the vines are still vigorous, and the tubers are still in a growing state, it may be advisable to wait a week or so, even at the risk of a frost that be severe enough to nip the tubers that lie near the surface. There is no such thing as a potato "getting ripe," in the usual sense of the word ripe. The plant is perennial, and the tuber stops growing only as a result of drought or destruction of the vine. The tuber is *ripe* whenever it stops growing from one of these causes, and if dug at the beginning of cold weather, and properly housed, the small potatoes from late planted slips or vines keep as well, or even better, than those from the early crop.

It is important in digging that the potatoes be not cut or bruised, especially the latter. We believe that a potato that has been cut in half with a sharp hoe, is less liable to rot from that cause than one that has been bruised by rough handling. Dryness and uniform temperature (as low as can be constantly maintained) are the conditions of success in the keeping of potatoes, according to our experience. How these conditions may be best secured and maintained is the problem which has never been solved to the satisfaction of all. Some succeed best by housing in a tight potato-house; others usually find no difficulty in keeping the crop sound by banking or hilling, out-of-doors, without even a shelter. We hope some of our Experiment Stations will give this subject the most careful investigation. If it is a species of *microbe* or *bacteria* that *causes* the rot, or if these low forms of life are simply the *result* of the rot—whatever it is—we want to know how to remedy the evil and preserve the potatoes.

We beg to urge upon farmers the economy of feeding the pork hogs liberally throughout this month. It goes without saying, among intelligent men, that if it costs five cents to lay on a pound of fat now, it will cost eight or ten cents to lay it on in December or January. We have tried it for years. Pork hogs ought to be ready to kill by the first or the middle of November, as the pork will thereby have cost much less, and advantage can be taken of the first cold spell to convert into bacon.

Sorghum and Bermuda grass during the summer, with fruit as a dessert, and green corn and stalks for a change, followed by field peas, peanuts and sweet potatoes in the fall and early winter, and winding up with an early *hog killing*, and plenty of salt, will give better and cheaper bacon than ever comes from the West, cholera or no cholera! Bacon is the accepted standard meat food of the South, and we should either produce it ourselves, or "something better." It is inconsistent, while insisting on more circulating medium in order to elevate the market price of cotton, to persist in buying so much bacon, lard, flour, etc., whose prices will be correspondingly elevated.

Turkey-Raising.

In raising your turkeys be careful that they do not get wet. Give hard-boiled eggs, with a few bread crumbs soaked in milk for the first ten days, and afterwards the same ration, with a little pepper dusted into it. Chopped corn scalded, with onion tops or collard leaves chopped up fine, and all mixed together, will be found nourishing and palatable food for a month or so, after which use small wheat. See that no lice get on the young turkeys, for it is certain death; a little sulphur or insect powder is good, and will help the old bird also. Be sure that the flock is brought home every evening, as numbers are lost through a neglect to house them. Feed them well at night, and in a short time they will come home of their own accord for the evening meal. Turkeys are fond of milk, and it is very good for them—in fact, you may feed your fowls all the milk that you can get.

Money in Tomatoes.

Rock Hill Herald]

Our townsman, Maj. A. H. White, this year planted an acre in tomatoes for the canning factory, from which he realized a handsome profit. He spent $6 in the cultivation of the acre, and the gathering of the tomatoes cost $10.20, making a total expense of $16.20. He gathered from the acre 340 bushels, for which he obtained 20 cents per bushel, or $68.00 for the crop—leaving as his profit $51.80.

A Complete Surprise.

Funniman—Now, Mrs. Candor, there's your husband coming. Let's make a little surprise for him. Mrs. Funniman and I will hide behind the curtains here, and you tell him that your expected guests haven't come. Then we will step out and surprise him.

Enter Mr. Candor.

Mrs. Candor (obeying orders)—Well, John, our expected guests have disappointed us. Mr. and Mrs. Funniman have not come.

Mr Candor (heartily)—I am deuced glad of it!

A Plea to Inspire Pity.

Jeweler—Can't you pay me something on that bill you owe me?

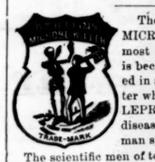
Debtor—How much do you want?

Jeweler—I'd like enough to hire a lawyer to sue you for the balance.

☞ Spanish women suffer from irritation of the throat, caused not by the habit of smoking themselves but by the constant fumes of the tobacco indulged in so freely by their male relatives.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.



The reason RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER is the most wonderful medicine is because it has never failed in any instance, no matter what the disease, from LEPROSY to the simplest disease known to the human system.

The scientific men of to-day claim and prove that every disease is

CAUSED BY MICROBES,

—AND—

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

Exterminates the Microbes and drives them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malaria Fever or a combination of diseases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat all diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Disease, Chills and Fevers, Female Troubles in a its for ms, and, in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

Beware of Fraudulent Imitations!

See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appears on each jug.

Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer," given away by

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON.

March 27, 1890. 1y

DAVIDSON COLLEGE,

—MECKLENBURG COUNTY, N. C.—

Sept. 11, '90, to June 11, '91.

THE MASTER'S COURSE.
THE BACHELOR'S COURSE.
THE SCIENCE COURSE.
ELECTRIC COURSE.
BUSINESS COURSE.

Studies in English, Science, and in the Bible are given due prominence. For catalogue, address the President,

REV. J. B. SHEARER, D.D., LL.D.

Aug. 28, 1890. tf

To Whom it May Concern.

I am now selling complete Saw Mills, steam power and all, from $450 and up, according to capacity. If you want bargains in machinery never before known call on or write to me. Don't waste your timber making rails, for I sell on credit or for cash.

JOHN McDUFFIE,
Jan'y 16, 1890—tf] Fayetteville, N. C.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The ÆTNA is one of the strongest companies in the world, having a capital of $4,000,000.

Her dealings are unquestionable.

She has paid out in Chicago alone $3,800,000 in losses.

Place your risks in strong companies.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

TRY

Vendel's Herb JUICE

—FOR—

Malaria, Chills and Fever.

Herb Juice is a sure and safe cure.

One bottle will convince you of its merits.

Price per bottle 50 cents. For sale by

A. VENDEL, 36 N. 7th Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

B. E. SEDBERRY & SONS, Agents,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 11, 1890. 6m

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,
Capt. W. A. Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,
Capt. R. H. Tomlinson.

Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.
☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.
Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.
Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.
For Freight Rates and other information, apply to
W. S. COOK,
Fayetteville, N. C.

T. D. LOVE,
Wilmington, N. C. Oct —1y

CLYDE'S
New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK,
Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,
At 3 o'clock P. M

BENEFACTOR	Wednesday,	Oct. 15
PANITA	Saturday,	Oct. 18
PAWNEE	Wednesday,	Oct. 22
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	Oct. 25
FROM WILMINGTON.		
PAWNEE	Friday,	Oct. 17
BENEFACTOR	Tuesday,	Oct. 21
PANITA	Friday,	Oct. 24
PAWNEE	Tuesday,	Oct. 28

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
March 28 1889 tf 5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

Tutt's Pills
CURE
Malaria, Dumb Chills, Fever and Ague, Wind Colic, Bilious Attacks.

They produce regular, natural evacuations, never gripe or interfere with daily business. As a family medicine, they should be in every household.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"H. H. H."
Huske's Hardware House

HAS RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

STOVES

AT PRICES THAT WILL SATISPY—

$2.75 to $35.00.

GLOBE AND BOX HEATERS.

FRANKLINS.

RANGES AND COOKING STOVES.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

We received a car load of building material a few days ago, and are daily expecting another. We have on hand the following which we will sell cheap. Come and buy before you make your frames.

2 pairs Double Doors, 4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in.
Raised Moulding—4 panel.
1 pr Open Panel Deors, 4 ft x 8 ft.
1 " " " " 3 ft 6 in x 7 ft 6 in.
9 O. G. 4 Panel Doors, 2 ft 6 in x 7 ft 6 in.
8 " " " " 2 ft 8 in x 7 ft 6 in.
1 pr 8 Panel Shutter Doors, 3 ft 4 in x 6 ft 8 in.
1 pr 4 " " " 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in.
5 pr Sash, 10 x 28—4 lights.
1 Transom, 4 ft x 10 in.
1 " 2 ft 4 in x 9 in.
1 pr Store or Warehouse Doors, 4 ft 6 in x 9 in.
2 " " " " 4 x 9.
6 prs Roll Slat Blinds, 3 ft 9 in x 8 ft 9 in.
1 pr Slat Blinds, 2 ft 4 in x 6 ft 2 in.
9 " " " 2 ft 9 in x 7 ft 4 in.
1 " " " 2 ft 10 in x 6 ft 8 in.
1 " " " 3 ft x 4 ft 6 in.
4 sets Inside 4 fold Blinds, 2 ft 10 in x 6 ft 6 in.

B. R. HUSKE & CO.

Oct. 9 1890.

Fayetteville Foundry and Machine Shops!

JOHNSON & McNEILL, Proprietors,

are fully equipped with all necessary machinery and ready to serve the public in the way of repairing

ENGINES, BOILERS, PUMPS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS, COTTON GINS, PRESSES AND ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Call or write the undersigned for prices, &c

JOHNSON & McNEILL,
MACHINISTS,
Fayetteville, N. C.

May 15, 1890. 6m

—THE—

People's National Bank,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $125,000.00

—OFFICERS:—

E. F. MOORE, - - PRESIDENT,
GEO. P McNEILL, - - CASHIER,
J. B. BROADFOOT, ASS'T CASHIER.

BANKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Liberal inducements for deposits from Banks, Corporations, Business Houses and Individuals.

Our facilities for Making Collections at ALL Points are of THE BEST.

ALL RETURNS WILL BE MADE PROMPTLY.

Persons Depositing Money and Receiving Certificates therefor, running 6 or 12 months, will receive interest thereon

October 8, 1889. 1y

JOHN E. TOWNSEND,

HOPE MILLS, N. C.

—MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN—

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

LATHS, SHINGLES, &c.

Pickets for enclosing yards, &c., cut to order in any quantity, June 20, 1889.

POMONA HILL NURSERIES,
POMONA, N. C.

Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRUTS

Calculated to suit the Southern and border States.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

and No. 2, Green-House Catalogue of young pot-grown

Roses, Chrysanthemums, CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

☞ Catalogue *free*. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. VAN. LINDLEY,
Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.

May 30, 1889.

—THE—

Fayetteville Marble Works,

CHAS. A. GOODWIN, Proprietor,

Lauder's Old Stand, Fayetteville, N. C.

Estimates made on a

STONE WORK

to be delivered in any part of the State and United States. Buy a Pembstone and remember your dead relatives and friends. Designs and prices furnished upon application.

Aug. 8, 1889. 1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. | NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ CAREFULLY!

Get One Bottle from Your Druggist and be Convinced!

JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE
NOLANDINE!

The Great Virginia Vegetable Alterative,

BLOOD PURIFIER AND RENOVATOR

—OF THE—

HUMAN SYSTEM!

Has been used most successfully in the following Diseases, as the Certificates below will attest:

For Liver Complaint, Jaundice and Bilious Derangement. In Mercurial, Blood Poison, Scrofulous and all Eruptive Diseases, Costiveness, Indigestion Flatulence, Periodical Sick Headache and Female Complaints.

READ THE CERTIFICATES.

From *Virginia Medical Monthly* (September number, 1889) Landon B. Edwards, M. D., editor and proprietor, Richmond:

"*THE NOLANDINE COMPANY*, of Richmond, Va., begin an advertisement in this issue of preparations which have received the highest kind of professional endorsements for the cure of chills and fever, functional liver troubles, etc. The virtues of the drugs named seem to rest in the special manner of their combination. During a recent visit to the laboratory we were courteously shown every detail of the manufacture."

I have used your vegetable preparation, "*NOLANDINE*," and find it a valuable agent in the treatment of functional diseases of the liver. Its action on that organ and all secreting glands is equal to that of calomel, and to my mind, the only yet discovered substitute for this time-honored remedy. It is, furthermore, entirely free from constitutional effects too often observed from the use of mercurials; and, in many cases, where mercurials have been incautiously administered, I have witnessed the beneficial results of "*NOLANDINE*," in eliminating and modifying the most distressing after symptoms. I will add, in regard to your Fever and Ague Preparation, that I prescribed it for my mother, who had been a sufferer from chills and fever for twelve months. She had taken quinine until it had ceased to have any effect on her. One-half bottle of my *NOLANDINE* for chills and fever relieved her entirely of the chills and restored her to good health.

I cheerfully recommend a trial of *NOLANDINE* to the profession, believing that it will stand their test

Very truly yours, *A. TRENT CLARKE, M. D.*

The very high character of the testimonials attesting the merits of your vegetable preparation, *NOLANDINE*, induced me to make a test of your *NOLANDINE* proper in a very desperate case of Hydrothrax [dropsy of the chest], combined with Ascities [dropsy of abdomen]. The usual remedies known to our profession had been most skillfully administered without producing anticipated effects. The disease yielded to the action of your *NOLANDINE*. I very gratefully state that my patient is now enjoying the blessings of a restoration to good health, and now, four months since administering your *NOLANDINE*, there is not a symptom of recurrence.

I had several opportunities of testing the merits of your *NOLANDINE* for chills and fever in cases which had resisted the usual remedies for months, and had the satisfaction to see them entirely broken and permanently cured after a course of your *NOLANDINE*.

I know that I will incur the displeasure of the profession by departing from its usages, but candor and facts compel me to call the attention of my professional brethren to the valuable properties of your preparation, and trust that prejudice will not deter them from its use. I have found the action of your *NOLANDINE* on the liver and secretions more than equal to calomel, which is an additional recommendation.

Very respectfully, *A. G. JONES, M. D.*

409 East Clay Street, Richmond, Va., April 19, 1887.

J. W. Johnston, Proprietor of Nolandine:

During the last twelve months I have had frequent opportunities of testing the curative properties of your *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* in the following diseases, and in not a single case did it fail to accomplish all that you claim for it: Dyspepsia and other catarrhal affections of the stomach and bowels, catarrhal affections of the kidneys and bladder, *uterine catarrh* and irregularities, malarial complications and habitual constipation, and as a general tonic and alterative, I have found it very efficacious.

Yours truly, *JAS. A. GARLICK, M. D.*

Irwin P. O., Goochland, Va., August 1, 1889

To the Nolandine Company, Richmond, Va.:

From personal experience I can very cheerfully recommend *NOLADINE* for all it claims, and, in this opinion, I am borne out by others who have tested its merits.

Yours truly, *G. H. PALMER MORRWOOD.*

Taylorsville, Hanover County, Va.

The Nolandine Company, Richmond, Va.:

Gentlemen:—I have been a great sufferer from blood poison, which caused large sores to come all over my legs and feet, so that I could hardly wear my shoes, when I received a bottle of *NOLANDINE* from a friend. I began using it at once, and in less than ten days it had cured me completely. I think it the best remedy in the world. I am yours very respectfully, *WM. R. TERRY.*

To the Nolandine Company: June 1, 1889.

Permit me to add my testimony to the curative properties of *NOLANDINE*. For many years I have suffered from varicose veins. Twelve months ago I struck my leg against a chair, breaking one of the veins. The wound thus made could not be healed, except for a short time, then break out afresh. At times I suffered untold misery from local fever and most insufferable burning sensation. After using two (2) bottles of your *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* the ulcerated places healed, the swelling disappeared, natural sleep was restored, and my nervous system composed. As a vermifuge, *NOLANDINE* is unsurpassed, specifically on one of my children. As a blood purifier and general tonic your *NOLANDINE* has no equal.

Gratefully yours, *D. B. PROSSER.*

At S. S. Cottrell's Son, 1362 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Va., October, 1886.

My wife and three children returned to this city from Charles City County, where they contracted chills and fever, and their systems thoroughly saturated with malarial poison. One bottle of *JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* cured my entire family. My wife suffered for five years with dyspepsia in its most aggravated form, and was permanently cured by *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE*, using only two bottles. *J. B. BURTON.*

Richmond, Va., July, 1889.

This is to certify that I have known of the superior qualities of JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE for the past ten years, and during that time, at intervals, have had occasion to use it in person, and in my family, and have always found it a sure cure for derangements of the liver and kidneys, indigestion, headache, etc., and a good tonic. L. C. DAVIS, 804 North Fifth Street.

Robiow's Station, Chesterfield Co., Va., March 25, 1885.

Mr. J. W. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—Having suffered for years with a chronic affection of the kidneys, derangement of the liver, and my general system charged with malarial poison, I found no relief from treatment of medicine until I used VEGETABLE NOLANDINE. I am now free from above complaints, and to NOLANDINE I am indebted for this restoration to health. I honestly recommend it to all persons suffering from the above diseases. WILLIAM DICKSON, Superintendent of Coal Mines.

Richmond, Va., May, 1885.

I can cheerfully recommend JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE to any one suffering from liver or kidney complaints and bilious derangement of the system. Its prompt and permanent action in my case affords me pleasure to recommend it to others similarly affected.

CHARLES P. SELDEN, Hardware Merchant,
Formerly with Singer Sewing Machine Co.

409 East Clay Street, Richmond, Va., March 10, 1886.

Mr. Jos W. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—I have used your NOLANDINE, and would cheerfully recommend it as a valuable medicine for malarial diseases and for promoting appetite, and a splendid tonic. For the relief of the pains consequent upon female weakness and irregularities I consider it without an equal.

Respectfully, Mrs. L. M. BELL.

Office Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company,
Richmond, Va., March 1, 1883.

I lived on lower James River for eight years in the malarial district. My system was thoroughly charged with this deadly poison. I exhausted the usually prescribed and domestic remedies without any benefit. I was induced to try JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE. Before using two bottles my liver was aroused from its long torpor, and I am now enjoying the best of health. My wife and children derived the same benefits from NOLANDINE. J. A. WYATT.

Fleet, King and Queen Co., Va., January 31, 1887.

I was afflicted with chills and fever during the fall of last year. I could stop them with quinine, but they wouldn't stay stopped; they would return the 7th, 14th, 21st, or 28th days. A friend gave me a part of a bottle of NOLANDINE, and I used it according to directions, and I have not had a chill since. I am in good health and weigh as much or more than I ever did. B. S. WILSON.

589 North Eighth Street, Richmond, Va

Mr. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—Your NOLANDINE has quite come up to all its promises. So valuable do I consider a family medicine that, unsolicited by yourself, I offer my certificate.

Yours truly, Mrs. E. F. PATTON.

Richmond, Va., July 13, 1887.

J. W. Johnston, Proprietor Nolandine:

Dear Sir:—I have taken your NOLANDINE for habitual constipation of eight years' standing, during which time I have tried many preparations, but I did not receive any relief until I used your preparation, from which I have received immediate and permanent benefits. Was also suffering with malarial and blood poison. I am now free from all such complications and, I am happy to say, enjoying exceptionally good health.

Yours truly, J. S. DOWDEN.

418 East Broad Street, Richmond, Va.

J. W. Johnston:

I feel it but just to recommend your valuable medicine, NOLANDINE, for any trouble caused by torpid liver, or constipation produced by morphine or any drug used to subdue pain. As a tonic for delicate females it is unsurpassed.

The above you are heartily welcome to use any way you deem best, and I will personally tell any one what it will do on application. Respectfully, Mrs. A. E. ANTHONY.

Richmond, Va., October 1, 1889.

To whom it may concern:

For twelve months I was a fearful sufferer from chronic eczema, during which time I was in the hands of a skilful physician, faithfully using his remedies, internal and external, without deriving any benefit whatever. I suffered night and day with the most intolerable itching, continuous headache, loss of sleep, appetite and strength. My kidneys and nervous system were fearfully deranged, and my body was covered with innumerable boils. By taking three (3) bottles of JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE I have been restored to perfect health. I regard NOLANDINE as the best blood purifier and the most powerful tonic ever compounded, and I am not alone in this belief.

Very respectfully yours, &c., M. B. GRUBBS.

Price $1 Per Bott e. Six Bottles for $5.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Manufactured by THE NOLANDINE COMPANY,

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

FOR SALE IN FAYETTEVILLE BY THE FOLLOWING DRUGGISTS:

B. E. Sedberry & Son, A. J. Cook & Co., W. C. McDuffie, Jr., H. R. Horne.

May 15, 1890. 6m

T. A. KLUTZ,
Architect & Superintendent

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

jan 12 tf

BONITZ ∴ HOTEL,

129 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.,

Now being thoroughly renovated, is open for

THE -:- RECEPTION -:- OF -:- GUESTS.

NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE,
Fayetteville, North Carolina.

T. A. BARKER, - - MANAGER.

The Manager of the Fashionable Campello Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL.

An Especially Delightful Climte During the Spring Months,

With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country.

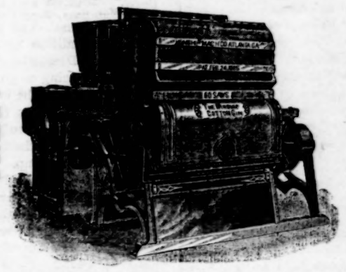
Jan'y 17, 1889. tf

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!

They buy in CAR LOAD Lots from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.

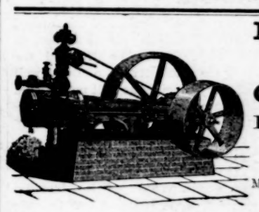
Cotton -:- Gins
For EVERYBODY!
We Sell the Best
ONLY!



AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
Of Every Description.
Always On Hand.
Give US A Call.

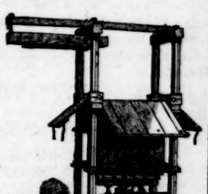
A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,
A CAR LOAD SHIP STUFF,

A Car Load of Rock Lime.
Flour a Specialty.



Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Cotton Presses, Pulleys, Shafting and General Machinery.

MORE COTTON PRESSES IN USE THAN ANY OTHER FACTORY.



LIDDELL COMPANY,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

June 12, 1890. tf

R. M. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale :-: Grocer
—AND—
Buyer of Cotton AND Naval Stores.

Consignments and Orders Solicited.

Offers to the Trade a large and well selected stock of

Heavy Groceries and General Farming Supplies.

Buys always from first hands, and sells as low as reliable goods can be sold, and cordially solicits your custom. Prices mailed on application.

Not specially "Headquarters" or "Leaders," in the sense generally advertised, but second to NONE in purchases or sales of goods in his line.

The Old Reliable Tennessee Wagons and Carts ALWAYS FOR SALE.

GIVE US A CALL WHEN IN TOWN, AND WE GUARANTEE TO PLEASE YOU.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

John W. Scott, Sr., President. J. B. Makepeace, Sec'y and Treas'r.

SANFORD SASH AND BLIND COMPANY,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDING, BRACKETS,

and Dealers in all Kinds of Pine Lumber,

SANFORD, N. C.

Correspondence solicited and orders promptly filled.

May 1, 1890. tf

J. B. STARR,
Commission Merchant,

Dealer in Cotton, Naval Stores and Fertilizers,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Sept. 11, 1890. tf

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Littleton Female College,

A Select Boarding School for Young Ladies, with a *Strong Faculty* and a thorough *Collegiate Course* at very *moderate cost*.

Fall Term begins September 3, 1890.
For catalogue address

July 3, 1890. Rev. J. M. RHODES, Littleton, N. C.

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does - a - General - Banking - Business.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

Collects Notes and Drafts

Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,

AT REASONABLE CHARGES,

and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

☞ No deposits received on interest.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Pres.,
H. W. LILLY, Vice Pres.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.

Fayetteville, N. C., October 8, 1889.—1y

North Carolina's Favorite.

1868 **OLD NICK,** 1890

North Carolina's famous brand of

PURE OLD WHISKIES

Have been manufactured on the same plantation for the past

122 Years. 122

Rye and Corn Whisky,

Peach and Apple Brandy

ON HAND.

New—1, 2, 3 and 4 years old. Shipped in any quantity. Write for price list.

Old Nick Whisky Co.,
(Successors to Jos. Williams)
PANTHER CREEK, YADKIN CO., N. C

July 3, 1890.

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect August 18th, 1890.

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1	Daily Except Sunday. No. 3.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 15.
Leave Wilmington,	9:00 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:25 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:50 p m		
Leave Sanford,	2:22 p m		
Arrive Greensboro,	5:00 p m		
Leave Greensboro,	5:10 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:32 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy,	8:25 p m		
Leave Bennettsville,		8:20 a m	
Arrive Maxton,		9:35 a m	
Leave Maxton,		9:45 a m	
Arrive Fayetteville,		11:45 a m	
Leave Ramseur,			6:50 a m
Arrive Greensboro,			9:25 a m
Leave Greensboro,			10:10 a m
Arrive Madison,			12:30 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Mt. Airy,	6:00 a m		
Arrive Greensboro,	9:20 a m		
Leave Greensboro,	9:50 a m		
Leave Sanford,	12:19 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:50 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	2:15 p m		
Arrive Wilmington,	5:45 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,		3:30 p m	
Arrive Maxton,		5:20 p m	
Leave Maxton,		5:30 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville,		6:45 p m	
Leave Madison,			1:20 p m
Arrive Greensboro,			3:30 p m
Leave Greensboro			3:45 p m
Arrive Ramseur,			6:50 p m

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
Wilmington & Weldon R. R.
AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Sept. 10, 1890.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 46 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	2 17 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	10 20 A. M.	.....
Arrive Wilson	2 20 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 30 "	.....
Arrive Selma	3 30 "	.....
Arrive Fayetteville	5 30 "	.....
Leave Goldsboro	3 15 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	4 10 "	.....
Leave Magnolia	4 24 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	5 50 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 78. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	12 01 A. M.	9 00 A. M.
Leave Magnolia	1 21 "	10 34 "
Leave Warsaw	.....	10 48 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 23 A. M.	11 45 "
Leave Fayetteville	.....	12 20 P. M.
Arrive Selma	.....	1 18 "
Arrive Wilson	.....	12 20 P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 03 A. M.	12 37 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	.....	1 10 "
Arrive Tarboro	.....	2 00 "
Leave Tarboro	.....	10 20 A. M.
Arrive Weldon	4 30 A. M	2 45 P. M.

"Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:15 P M, Halifax 3:37 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:25 P M, Greenville 6:00 P M. Returning, leaves Greenville 7:20 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:10 A M, Weldon 10:30 A M, daily except Sunday.

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Local Freight leaves Weldon 10:30 A M, Halifax 11:30 A M, Scotland Neck 2:00 P M. Arriving Greenville 5:10 P M. Returning, leave Greenville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 9:30 A M, Scotland Neck 1:00 P M, Halifax 3:35 P M. Arriving Weldon 4:00 P M.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:05 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 6:30 P M, 4:30 P M, Plymouth 7:50 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:10 A M, 9:50 A M. Arrive Tarboro 9:30 A M, 11:20 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N C, 8:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 3:00 P M, arrives Nashville 3:40 P M, Spring Hope 4:15 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 10:00 A M, Nashville 10:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 11:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:00 P M and 11:10 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 2:10 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. "Daily except Sunday.

Train No 27 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R KENLEY, Sup't Trans. JOHN W. DIVINE, General Sup't.